

THE BOURBON NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY IN THE YEAR.

VOLUME XXXVII

ALLIES CRUSH HUNS IN STUNNING VICTORY.

July 18.

(Special to BOURBON NEWS.) American and French troops advance for miles in victory.

U. S. troops "go over the top" with French troops, captured guns, machine guns, prisoners, equipment and material in terrific onslaught.

2:00 p. m., July 18.—The entire offensive operation began this a. m. on the —— front and is going on at this hour and even better success than had been expected. Enemy so far unable to withstand the shock. As the whole German life is menaced the enemy must withdraw or risk being caught where they are.

Towns of Torsy and Givry Wood were taken by the Americans in their advance.

American troops have taken offensive with great gallantry—American troops participating both as complete divisions and separate units. First objectives seem everywhere to have been attained. Many prisoners taken.

VIOLATORS OF LIQUOR LAWS ARRESTED AND FINED.

The first instance of a violation of the recent anti-liquor laws that has reached the local courts came up Tuesday, when two colored men, George "Taters" Williams and Joe Downs, of Paris, and Will Carson, of North Middletown, were brought before County Judge Geo. Batterton for a hearing.

The men were placed under arrest by Patrolman Geo. W. Judy, as they alighted at Fourteenth street from the 2:15 interurban car from Lexington. Each man had a number of packages of suspicious bulkiness and bearing a general resemblance to those formerly brought from Lexington by the thirsty ones. The officer compelled the men to re-enter the car and brought them to the terminal station at Fifth and High streets, where their packages were inspected.

Williams had a box containing twelve half-pints, two quarts, and a gallon glass jug of beer. Carson's load consisted of five half-pints hidden under his clothes. Downs carried a quart in the outside pocket of his coat. When presented in court Downs pleaded ignorance of wrong doing. County Attorney D. D. Cline quoted court decisions in several cases, pro and con, and especially that of the Court of Appeals, to the effect that a man could bring liquor into local option territory for his personal use. Judge Batterton imposed a fine of \$50 and imprisonment of twenty-five days at hard labor on Williams, and gave Carson a fine of \$50 and ten days in jail. Carson being subject to the draft call, will be released by the court.

After County Attorney Cline had submitted authorities and decisions bearing on the "personal use" phase of the question, and the sentences had been imposed on the prisoners, Judge Batterton took the cases under further consideration, for a final decision as to their legal aspects.

Last Wednesday afternoon Judge Batterton, after reviewing the cases in all their phases and studying the authorities and other decisions in like cases, gave it as his opinion that the part of the anti-shipping law so far as a man bringing liquor for his personal use, was unconstitutional and void. The anti-shipping feature, he held as being binding and in full force and effect. In his opinion a man could not bring liquor for another, but he could do so for his personal use, under the rights and liberties guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States. The opinion was given in the case of Joseph Downs, of Brentsville, who brought one quart of whiskey to Paris from Lexington, for his personal use. Downs carried the package in his outside pocket, unwrapped, and not in the nature of a "concealed deadly weapon." Judge Batterton's decision is in line with many other similar ones where the "personal use" issue has been raised.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I wish to call your attention to the ordinance published in this issue of THE NEWS, showing a comparison as to the past in the contract with the Paris Gas & Electric Co., for lighting the streets, which expired March 1, 1918.

Thirty-nine 400 C. P. lamps, \$70.00 per year each; 221 80 C. P. lamps, \$22.50 per year each. They increased February 28, 1918, for a new contract as follows: 39 400 C. P. lamps, \$75.00; 221 80 C. P. lamps, \$25.50. The ordinance figures 400 C. P. lamps \$38.37 each, and 80 C. P. lamps at \$12.52 each. For consumers, old contract, as follows: 1st 25 Kilowatts, 12; next 50, 11; next 100, 10; next 100, 9; next 100, 8; next 100, 7; next 100, 6, next 100, 5; less 1 ct. per KWH. Compare this with the ordinance.

Regarding the gas rates until we have made further investigations as to reasonableness of present prices, we will not change prices at present, but we will require them to give you gas at the proper pressure, which they failed to do in the past. If they do not give you the required pressure we will reach them by our ordinance.

Yours Respectfully,
E. B. JANUARY, Mayor.

COLORED DRAFTS LEAVE FOR CAMP ZACHARY TAYLOR.

Seventy-five colored men, regularly selected in the draft call from Bourbon county, and three alternates, for emergency, seventy-nine in all, reported to the Bourbon County Board of Exemption at the court house in this city yesterday afternoon for final instructions. They were addressed by the Chairman of the Board, Judge C. A. McMillan, and, after being given their final instructions, listened to a patriotic address by David Miller.

Last night the men were the guests of the people of Paris at a banquet given at the colored A. M. E. church, where a patriotic program was rendered, and the men made to feel that they were the wards of a grateful country, who appreciated the sacrifices they were making. The men were placed under the care of John R. Ross, one of their number, who had been designated as Captain.

At 7:15 this morning the delegation assembled in front of the court house, and headed by the Liberty Drum and Bugle Corps, marched to the Tenth street station of the Louisville and Nashville, where they entrained for Camp Zachary Taylor, of the United States. They were liberally supplied with cigarettes, cigars and tobacco, from the fund for that purpose. Those who left this morning were:

John R. Ross, Captain.
William Small.
Sherman Lewis.
Ben Jackson.
John Williams.
John Jackson.
Cornelius McKane.
Felix Hickman.
Strother Gaines.
Herbert Marks.
Jess Guess.
Harry Thomas.
William Washington.
Henry Gaines.
Howard Cornelison.
Jim Thornton.
George Henry Brown.
Thos. Nichols.
Dudley Davis.
Chas. Johnson.
Will Cross.
Nekon Patterson.
Earl Brown.
Frank Dumphard.
Geo. Henry Franklin.
Walter Veach.
Heywood Bishop.
Raymond Carter.
Palmer Brown.
Henry Henderson.
Herry Barton.
Mm. Warren.
Elijah Richardson.
Henry Patterson.
Henry Robinson.
Howard Miles.
Bennie Harrison Williams.
Joe Bird.
Stephen Darty Chinn.
Albert Crouch.
Wm. Anderson.
Jesse Howe.
Andrew Mitchell.
George Washington.
Joe Reed.
Arthur Chinn.
Harvey Nichols.
John Garrett.
Oliver Ben. Kellis.
Clay Brown.
Will Hughes.
Archie Carlisle.
Robert Green.
Walter Brown.
Henry Scott.
Lee Nelson.
Elmer Hall.
Frank Willis.
James Walker Mack.
Ben Leer, Jr.
Fisher Williams.
Lucien Mack.
Offutt Lewis.
Joe Henry Johnson.
Wm. Sadler.
Walter Trotter.
Raven Strawther.
Howard Gibbs.
Wm. Samuel Johnson.
Charles Baker.
Richard Williams.
Henry French.
Leonard Terry.
Harrison Parker.
Horace Redmon.
Eugene Butler.

LOCAL MAN WINS RACE FOR INSURANCE HONORS.

In the race for Marathon honors inaugurated some time ago by the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., Mr. R. F. Clendenin, of Paris, broke all records for his company in the United States, when he was declared the winner, at a meeting of the agents and managers, held in Milwaukee. Mr. Clendenin's record for the twelve months ending June 30, 1918, was as follows:

Number of lives insured, 207; paid business, \$456,780. His closest competitor had insured 163 lives.

At the meeting at which the awards were made Mr. Clendenin delivered an address to the members on the subject of "Insuring Farmers' Lives."

PARIS ATTORNEY ALLOWED BIG CLAIM FOR SERVICES.

At Frankfort yesterday Circuit Judge Robert L. Stout handed down a decision allowing a claim of \$15,000 to Attorney John J. Williams, of Paris, and Judge John M. Lansing, of Newport, for services rendered to date as attorneys for the State Banking Commission vs. The George Alexander & Co. State Bank, of Paris. To date the Alexander Bank has paid 62½ per cent., and other suits are still pending.

CITY COUNCIL MEETS IN ADJOURNED SESSION.

Representatives of the City Council and the Paris Gas & Electric Co., failed to reach an agreement at a conference held Tuesday afternoon in the private office of Mayor January, in the First National Bank building, and further consideration of the points at issue between the city and the lighting company remains uncertain.

City Attorney Denis Dundon represented the city, and was assisted by Consulting Engineer W. H. Weiss, of Kansas City, Mo. The Paris Gas & Electric Co. was represented by its vice-president, Mr. J. W. Porter, of St. Louis, and Mr. Wade H. Whitley, of Paris.

The City Council met in adjourned session at eight o'clock on Tuesday evening, and without further delay proceeded with the passage of certain ordinances providing certain rules and regulations and fixing certain prices, rates, tolls and charges by which the Paris Gas & Electric Co., or any other company, individual or corporation may do business in this city. When the ordinances were considered and passed there were no representatives of the light company present.

Under the new ordinances the city will save about \$3,500 annually, with a large annual saving to individual consumers. In all probability the passage of the ordinances will lead to municipal ownership of an electric lighting plant for the city and by the city, or the institution of a suit in the courts to restrain the action of the city until the courts can determine the merits of the controversy. A resolution was adopted authorizing an issue of \$10,000 in bonds for the construction of the new sewer from Stoner avenue to South Main street, and another providing for the sale of the bonds. These ordinances and resolutions are printed in full on page four of this issue of THE NEWS. Read them.

A motion made by Councilman Arkle providing for a license of \$15 per year on all boarding houses in the city of Paris was lost by a vote of 4 to 2. A resolution was adopted instructing the City Clerk to notify the Chief of Police to rigidly enforce the ordinance imposing a dog tax and license, and to take up and impound each and every dog found on the streets of the city or elsewhere without the required license tag.

Councilman Merringer in a few concise and well-chosen remarks, addressed the Council on the subject of the menace to the public health by the water supply being furnished to the citizens of the city by the Paris Water Co. Mr. Merringer stated, that as long as consumers used water so liberally the city would be without an adequate pressure. He urged the city to appropriate funds or to raise the money in some way, directly or indirectly, and build a modern dam across Stoner creek, near the railroad bridge on the Maysville "reader."

and Paris branch of the Louisville & Nashville, near the Paris Ice Manufacturing Co.'s plant. Mr. Merringer's speech was well received, but the Council took no official action on it. Mr. Merringer giving it as a suggestion for future action. On motion a committee with power to act for the purpose of ascertaining the legal rights of the Paris Milling Co., in regard to water supply and the use of the dam at this point, was appointed.

WE KNOW NOW —

Palm Beach and Kool Kloth Suits

For Summer Wear, the Real, Genuine Palm Beach Cloth

The kind that is cool and serviceable and comfortable, not the cotton shoddy kind that draws up and wears out before the season is over. We sell only one kind, and that is the best. All colors, solid and fancy mixtures.

\$13.50 to \$20.00

Kool Kloth

A light summer cloth with a little more weight than Palm Beach garments, but very serviceable and comfortable.

\$12.50 to \$25.00

Manhattan and Wilson Bros' Silk Shirts, \$5.00 to \$10.00

Many fancy and stylish patterns, solid colors and fancy stripes.

Straw Hats and Panamas

MITCHELL & BLAKEMORE

Nettleton Shoes
Dr. Reed's Cushion Sole Shoes

FOR THE FATHERLESS CHILDREN OF FRANCE.

One fine thing about setting a good example is that it always arouses a desire in others to go and do likewise. Just look below and see what one good Clark county woman did all because she got interested in the French babies.

About ten days ago, Mrs. A. B. Hancock talked to Mrs. Nelson Gay, of Winchester, with the result that Mrs. Gay adopted five orphans. Now she is sending in the following list of names, with the accompanying checks, requesting that these generous Clark county people be included in the Bourbon County Chapter of the Fatherless Children of France:

Mr. D. T. Hatack.
Mr. David S. Gay.
Mr. L. B. Cockrell.
Mr. W. W. Gay.
Mrs. N. P. Van Meter.

Others from Bourbon who have enrolled since the last issue are:

Mrs. Dan Peed.
Miss Virginia Wetherall.
Mrs. Florence Lockhart Clay.
Mrs. Clarence Kenney.

There are lost of vacant pages in the ledger, and thousands of fatherless children yet to be provided for. If you can spare \$36.50 this year, will you not allow a little child to stay with its mother?

HAIL INSURANCE. Insure your tobacco against hail. I represent reliable, prompt paying companies. ROXIE DAVIS. (June 4-19)

GOVERNMENT CALLS FOR MORE WALNUT LOGS.

More walnut wood is needed for gun stocks and airplane propellers, and the Bureau of Aircraft Production has called upon all persons who have any of this wood growing or cut to sell it to the sawmills holding government contracts.

In this issue of THE NEWS appears an advertisement from the Wood Mosaic Co., at Lexington, seeking walnut timber for government purposes, as outlined above. Anyone in the county having walnut timber to sell should communicate with this firm at the address given in the "reader."

and Paris branch of the Louisville & Nashville, near the Paris Ice Manufacturing Co.'s plant. Mr. Merringer's speech was well received, but the Council took no official action on it. Mr. Merringer giving it as a suggestion for future action. On motion a committee with power to act for the purpose of ascertaining the legal rights of the Paris Milling Co., in regard to water supply and the use of the dam at this point, was appointed.

IN THE SERVICE OF THEIR COUNTRY.

Miss Frances Hancock received a letter from Miss Ruby Mangum, of Henderson, formerly of Paris, in which the writer stated that she had volunteered for duty overseas as a nurse in the Red Cross work for the soldiers, and expected to be in France before the coming of fall.

Lieut. Catesby Spears, who is stationed at Ft. Sill, Oklahoma, in the U. S. army service, arrived in Paris, Wednesday, on a furlough, to visit relatives and friends, and to attend to important business matters for E. F. Spears & Sons, of which he is a member.

Information was received here Wednesday by relatives to the effect that Lawrence James and Earl Curtis, of Paris, who have been stationed for the past two years in army camps in Texas, were recently transferred to an embarkation port in the East, where they will become members of an American Expeditionary Force to operate in France.

Mr. Kenney Kiser, of Paris, who has been stationed at Detroit, Mich., in the naval service, is here on a ten-days' furlough to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walker Kiser, near Paris. Young Kiser has been engaged in radio construction work on the new ships being built on the waterfront at Detroit. Kiser is a splendid specimen of American youth, weighing 210 pounds, and being over six feet in height.

Mrs. Harriet Minaker, visiting nurse for the Bourbon County Health and Welfare League, received a letter this week from her brother, Mr. Rodney Pringle, detailing camp life at Camp Funston, in Kansas, where he has been stationed for some time. Mr. Pringle is a member of Co. K., 41st Infantry. He says the life is to his liking with the exception of the dust and sand, which is so dense at times as to totally obscure everything.

Lieut. Rogers T. ("Podge") Moore, formerly of Paris, was in Lexington, Wednesday, enroute to the U. S. army rifle range at Camp Perry, near Toledo, Ohio. Lieut. Moore has been stationed at a cavalry training school in Texas since being removed from Hattiesburg, Miss. He left Lexington yesterday morning for Camp Perry to take up his new duties.

Mr. Jesse Lovely, of Lexington, son of Mrs. Jack Lovely, formerly of Paris, has arrived safely in France, according to advices received by relatives in Lexington and Paris. Mr. Lovely was a private in the Sanitary Company, 115th Field Artillery, and had been in Ireland several weeks before being sent to the battle front. Before enlisting in the service he was engaged in the drug business in Lexington.

Mrs. Bernard Santen was called to Camp Zachary Taylor, Tuesday, by a long distance message from her husband, telling her he would be transferred that day to another camp. Mrs. Santen motored to the camp Tuesday, remaining until yesterday afternoon. Mr. Santen, who has been bookkeeper in the regimental office at Camp Taylor, has been transferred to Camp Beauregard, near New Orleans, where he has been assigned to special duty as bookkeeper at the camp.

Mrs. J. A. Gilkey, of Paris, received a package from her son, Jas. Everman, mailed from somewhere overseas. The package contained a late copy of the London Illustrated News, and two large photographs, one showing the U. S. battleship "Texas" rolling through a big storm, the other showing the same ship peacefully riding at anchor in an Atlantic port. There was no postmark to indicate where the package was mailed from, but it bore foreign postage stamps.

Through the long morning and afternoon hours Wednesday scores of young women, anxious mothers, sisters and sweethearts waited patiently at the Tenth street passenger station of the L. & N. A rumor to the effect that the Bourbon county boys who went to Ft. Thomas, Monday, would pass through Paris en route to a Southern cantonment, caused the anxious ones to gather at the station. Some even waited until late in the night, but if the train came through it was later in the night. The disappointed watchers left the station hoping to hear further news, but none came to cheer them.

CANNING DEMONSTRATIONS.

Mrs. Martha M. Golsan, Bourbon County Home Demonstrator, gave a demonstration in the canning of beans at the school house near Clay's Cross Roads, at 2:30 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon. Yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock Mrs. Golsan gave a demonstration in the canning of peaches at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Thompson, near Paris. At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon she will give a practical demonstration in making cottage cheese at the home of Mrs. Tate, near Ruddles Mills.

Mrs. Golsan is doing a good work in instructing housewives in methods of canning as a means of stopping waste of food products and in the conservation of food as a way of helping to win the war.

ROOSEVELT'S YOUNGEST SON KILLED IN AIR BATTLE.

Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt, youngest son of the former American President, has been killed in an air fight, the semi-official Havas News Agency announces. His machine fell into the enemy lines.

Lieut. Roosevelt was last seen in combat on Sunday morning with two enemy airplanes about ten miles inside the German lines in the Chateau Thierry sector. He started out with a patrol of thirteen American machines. They encountered several Germans and were chasing them back, when two of them turned on Lieut. Roosevelt.

Reports of the fight state that the Germans appeared to be shooting at the Lieutenant from the rear the three machines being close together. Then one of the machines was seen tumbling through the clouds, and a patrol which went in search of Lieut. Roosevelt returned without trace of him. He appeared to be fighting up to the last moment. One account of the combat states that the machine caught fire before it began to fall.

Philip Roosevelt, Quentin's cousin, witnessed the air battle in the vicinity of Chateau Thierry in which Quentin was engaged and saw the machine fall, but did not know until later that the airplane was that of his cousin, Le Journal says.

BUY COAL NOW: THE FUEL ADMINISTRATOR ADVISES IT.

It is going to be hard to get coal later on. It may be another severe winter. The heating proposition may become serious. Buy our coal now and prepare for an emergency. While we do not anticipate a shortage of gas, we cannot tell what might happen on account of the uncertainty of the existing conditions. If

THE BOURBON NEWS

Established 1881—36 Years of Continuous Publication

Published Every Tuesday and Friday
Per Year \$2.00—6 Months \$1.00
Payable in Advance.

SWIFT CHAMP, Editor and Owner.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of THE BOURBON NEWS will be gladly corrected if brought to attention of the editor.

ADVERTISING RATES

Display Advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

Reading Notices, 10 cents per line each issue; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line, each issue.

Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, obituaries and resolutions, and similar matter, 10 cents per line.

Special rates for large advertisements and yearly contracts.

The right of publisher is reserved to decline any advertisement or other matter for publication.

Announcements for political offices must invariably be accompanied by the cash.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.

EDITORIAL MUSINGS.

As To The Tightwad.

Our readers will pardon us if we give our opinion of the stingy man. We are glad that Paris has only a few of the kind, but they can be found in all towns. If there is anything on earth that gives us a longing for eternal rest and deep, damp solitude it is for a man to come to town or a county, build up a big paying business, grow rich, then squat down on the gold like an old hen on a bunch of eggs. He is too stingy even to let the gravel grind in his own gizzard.

A real, genuine, eighteen-carat, stony, selfish man must have a hard time trying to be honest, and if he ever gets to Heaven and has wings, he will fold them up and walk around for fear he will ruffle one of the plumes or lose a tail feather. The kind of men who build up a town and society and enjoy life and make the best citizens, are the enterprising, energetic and liberal men, who believe in living and in letting others live. They do not when they get a dollar squeeze it until the Goddess of Liberty feels as if she had on a corset. Such squeezing is what causes hard times and stops the circulation of the American eagle. If it were not for our broad-gauged, enterprising men it would be impossible to build up a prosperous city.

Taking The Joy Out of Life. An unpleasant mid-summer reminder of the cold days to come is the warning of the Fuel Administrator that a plan for the rationing of coal to householders is under consideration. Under this plan each domestic consumer will be allotted a certain amount of coal, in accordance with his necessities, but based strictly on scientific conclusions as to the amount absolutely necessary, without avoidable waste, to maintain heat at sixty-eight degrees.

The coal wasters and the families who insist on running the temperature of their living rooms up to eighty degrees or higher, will come out at "the little end of the horn" toward the latter part of the winter, if it is as severe as last winter. It therefore behoves every household using coal as a fuel to get the stoves and furnaces in shape to burn, not waste, fuel, and to make up his mind to the strictest economy, if he is to get through the winter without serious differences with the coal dictator.

Speaking of Nerves. Gen Von Bernhardi some years ago, in his work entitled "Germany and The Next War," predicted that the Kaiser would win because the Germans had stronger nerves than the Allies. But the nerves of men grow weak when their food supplies are lessened. A dinnerless and supperless man loses the "sand in his craw" and the food riots in Germany are said to be growing in size every day.

It may be truthfully said that labor in Germany and Austria has grown sick of the war, while in the Allied countries, as in the United States, it is growing more and more whole-

hearted and is demanding that the fighting shall continue until complete victory over the Kaiser shall be obtained. And recent victories of the Allies, especially the wonderful stand made by the Americans in the new German drive, have let the Germans know what "our boys" are over there for.

Pride or Caution.

Was it because you feared you might get hurt or because you wanted by-standers to smile approval at your wise caution that you shoot your head, turned around and returned to the street corner instead of trying to cross the street in front of one of those fast-approaching automobiles?

Whatever your motive may have been you probably saved your life by your action. There are times in life when it is better to act with common sense than to stop to analyze motives. Automobiles on Main street in this city have a contrary habit of coming right on no matter if it is known that you want to cross to the other side of the street. Stop, look, listen —safety first!

Has Anybody Seen Bryan?

An erstwhile popular song asked in its refrain, "Has Anybody Seen Kelley?" It might now with propriety be revived, with the query, "Has Anybody Here Seen Bryan?" We do not remember to have seen his name in the public prints for a coon's age, and even the Chautauquas have ceased to exploit him.

A pacifist seems without honor in any country and Mr. Bryan having been tried at a critical time and found wanting there is no more help in him. The man who was once the pride of millions of Democrats seems to have been dropped from memory to work out his future in sackcloth and ashes. As a general thing a pacifist won't do to trust, no matter how much he protests his loyalty.

The Hooverized Home.

Here's a practical view of a typical Hooverized home in Paris, as told in verse to THE NEWS by a lady:

"We're eating rye bread at our house, With cornbread on the side; We've cornmeal mush at breakfast time,

At noon we have it fried. We eat no wheat, we eat no meat, And soon we'll form the habit Of eating carrots every day Just like a little rabbit!"

BRITISH AIRMEN BRING DOWN 3,856 HUN PLANES.

LONDON, July 18.—In one year on the British western front the Royal Air Force has accounted for 3,238 enemy airplanes. In the same period the naval airmen shot down 623, a total of 3,856. An official statement dealing with these operations says:

"The Royal Air Force during the year beginning July 1, 1917, on the British western front destroyed 2,150 hostile machines and drove down out of control 1,083. In the same period the air force units working in conjunction with the navy shot down 623 hostile machines.

"During this period 1,094 of our machines were missing; ninety-two of these were working with the navy. "On the Italian front from April to June, 1918, the British destroyed 165 hostile machines and drove down six out of control. Thirteen of ours were missing.

"On the Saloniki front between January and June twenty-one hostile machines were destroyed and thirteen were driven down out of control. Four of ours were lost.

"From March to June in Egypt and Palestine twenty-one hostile airplanes were destroyed and fifteen were driven down out of control. Ten of ours were missing.

"In all the theaters of the war the British air superiority and strength progressed rapidly and continuously. From this it is safe to assume that when the new factor of America's output, both aircraft and personnel, enters the situation in the fighting zones, the aerial ascendancy of the Allies should give them very considerable depth. He is not as fluent a speaker as some we have heard."

FORTY THOUSAND MEN NEEDED FOR NAVY.

Forty thousand more men are needed at once for the navy, according to the United States Navy Recruiting Station, 412 South Fourth street, Louisville. The Naval Appropriation bill just passed by Congress makes provision for this increase. Kentucky has been asked to furnish 2,000 of this number, and it is expected that this quota will be raised during the month of July. Nearly all ratings in the navy are now open for enlistment with excellent opportunities for both skilled and unskilled men.

"Furloughs to help with the crops are being granted boys at the Naval Training Station at Great Lakes," said Lieut. J. H. Teach, recruiting officer for Kentucky. "This should prove to be of help to farmer boys who can enlist and go to the Great Lakes, and then get a furlough for farm purposes. Kentucky has responded well to previous calls, and I feel sure we will break all records this time, too."

Navy Recruiting Stations are located at Ashland, Covington, Lexington, Owensboro, Paducah and Bowling Green, in addition to the main office at Louisville.

Politicians may be interested to observe that pictures of the Presidential sheep on the White House lawn show no black sheep in the flock.

MILLERSBURG

—Mrs. Bowen and daughter, Martha Miller, of Atlanta, Ga., are guests of Dr. W. M. Miller and family.

—Mrs. Wright, of Maysville, is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Chancellor.

—Mrs. K. D. Hutchings has returned to her home in Lexington after a visit to relatives in this city.

—Mrs. Morgan West and three children, of Pueblo, Colo., are guests of Mrs. Houston Crouch, near this city.

—Misses Mary, Ruth and Henrietta Coons, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Retta Clarke, of near Paris, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Maffett.

—Members of the W. C. T. U. served ices and sandwiches on the Chautauqua grounds Monday and Wednesday to the crowds attending the Chautauqua.

—James Craycraft, Clarence Robertson, James Crump and H. C. Current passed the physical examination at Paris, Tuesday, for admission to the U. S. army service.

—Rev. Mr. White, of Georgetown, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist church at this place, and will come to Millersburg on Sunday, July 28, to preach his initial sermon. The church building has been undergoing extensive repairs, which are now complete, and a new organ has been installed.

—PUBLIC SALE.—House and lot and 20 acres of unimproved land. Having decided to locate elsewhere, I will sell at public auction at my home on Eighth street, Saturday, July 20, at 2 p. m., the following described property: Residence located on Eighth street, in Millersburg, Ky., containing eight rooms and all modern conveniences; 20 acres of unimproved land on Colville turnpike. Four acres in tobacco, one-half of which goes with the land, balance in clover. One Dodge Bros' touring car, 1917 model, good as new. Household and kitchen furniture. For particulars call Harris & Speakes, Paris, Ky.

(it) ROY ENDICOTT.

—Mr. William Burroughs, aged seventy-six, for many years a prominent and prosperous farmer of this vicinity, died at 8:45 yesterday morning at the family home in this city, after an illness of two years, due to the infirmities of age. During his long illness Mr. Burroughs had borne up with a fortitude unusual for one of advanced age, but the strain on his vitality was too great to endure much longer.

Mr. Burroughs was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Burroughs, pioneer resident of Nicholas county. Leaving his parental roof at an early age he engaged in farming in this neighborhood, and by dint of economy and thrift accumulated sufficient funds to purchase a farm for himself. His death occurred within sight of the old house in which he was born and passed his younger days. Early in life he was married to Miss Mary Parker. By this union six children were born, five sons, G. S. Burroughs, of New Albany, Ind., James, Charles, John and Jesse Burroughs, all of Millersburg, the latter being in the service of the United States at an army cantonment somewhere in Illinois, and one daughter, Miss Frances Burroughs, of this city.

Mr. Burroughs early in life became identified with the Christian church, in which he became a deacon in the congregation, and at the time of his death being an elder. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Hurst Home Insurance Co., and was a solid, substantial citizen in every respect. Besides the children named above he is survived by two brothers, Dr. Henry Clay Burroughs and Mr. K. D. Burroughs, both of this place, and four sisters, Mrs. J. W. Dalzell, of Kansas, Mrs. Wm. Norton, of Carlisle, Mrs. J. C. Ringo, of Mexico, Mo., and one Miss Nancy Burroughs, of this city.

The funeral arrangements had not been completed yesterday, pending the receipt of news from Mr. Jesse Burroughs, his son, who is in the army service. The funeral will be conducted from the home, however, with services held by the pastor of his church, Rev. C. O. Cossaboom. The interment will follow in the Millersburg Cemetery.

—The Millersburg Chautauqua was continued Sunday evening with Miss Pearl O'Neill, Canadian reader, in the prelude, followed by Capt. Richard P. Hobson in a lecture entitled "America and The World War." The lecture was long and of considerable depth. He is not as fluent a speaker as some we have heard.

Monday afternoon Vierra's Royal Hawaiians gave a full concert in the afternoon of Hawaiian music, and a brief description of the Islands were also given by Mr. Vierra. Their music is somewhat peculiar but sweet. It was enjoyed by all who heard them and they were the recipients of many encores. In the evening the Hawaiians gave a prelude, followed by Bob Seeds in his humorous lecture, "The Way It Looks From the Road." To meet Mr. Seeds you would take him for most anything rather than a platform man, but when he appears before you you are soon satisfied that he is on his job. His lecture is full of humor and philosophy. Notwithstanding the fact that he has an impediment of speech he keeps you laughing from first to last. And at the same time he is always giving you something to think about and carrying away with you.

The program of Tuesday admitted of music variety. In the afternoon we were entertained by DeJeu, magician, who was clever in all his tricks, exposing many of them, and DeVito, piano-accordionist, the king of the accordion. His instrument was especially made for him, and he is able to play on it in any key the music might call for. He is certainly an artist in his line and gave us samples of all grades of music from the simplest ragtime to the most classical.

Count von Luxburg is promised all the safe conduct the allies can give him, but he must still take some chance of being sunk without trace.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Late Saturday night the police had released all but five negroes. One hundred and fifty men had no cards and were held until satisfactory proof was given or cards were produced by friends or relatives.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

The arrests were made by the Covington police, Secret Service man and draft officials, assisted by the Sheriff and deputies.

The visit of the officials came out warning and almost demoralized the big Saturday afternoon crowd.

Street cars, automobiles and wagons were pressed into service to convey the men to the Covington police headquarters.

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. It has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—NELLIE B. BRITTINGHAM, 609 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

GOVERNMENT MAY TAKE CONTROL OF TOBACCO BUSINESS

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Government control of the tobacco industry of the United States may result from the heavy requirements of the Allies and the American military forces abroad. Rationing of the American population is believed to be a possibility.

The War Industries Board announced Sunday that it has been conducting an investigation to determine the requirements abroad and the amount that must be conserved in this country to meet the situation. It estimates that approximately two-thirds of the leaf tobacco raised in this country in 1917 will be available for American manufacturers. Out of this must come cigarettes and pipe tobacco for troops not yet overseas, and exports of manufactured tobacco purchased here for Belgium.

The crop in 1917 was 1,196,000 pounds, and of this the board estimates 850,000,000 pounds will be available this year for United States manufacturers, while 346,000,000 pounds a year, the board said. England and France each allot 40 per cent. of their entire consumption to the army and navy, while Italy allows her military forces 45 per cent. The total yearly consumption of the entire population of these countries the board estimates at 387,000,000 pounds, or 41,000,000 more than this country is able to export.

The War Industries Board quotes the annual per capita consumption of the United States and the Allies as follows: Italy, 2 pounds; France 3½ pounds; Great Britain, 4 pounds, and the United States 7½ pounds.

THE JOY OF LIVING.

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged a good share of the time and the poisons that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.

(adv-july)

TREASURY REPORTS TOTAL OF THIRD LIBERTY LOAN.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Final compilations of Third Liberty Loan subscriptions announced by the Treasury Department show a total of \$4,176,516,850, an increase of \$6,497,200 over the total officially estimated last May 18, after the loan campaign closed.

MICKIE SAYS

HELP! GIT THIS HERE SACK OFFEN ME BEFORE I CROAK! AN', BY HEK, I BET THE NEXT GUY WOT WANT'S TO TRADE POTATOES, ER ANYTHIN' ELSE ON HIS SUBSCRIPTION IS GOIN' TO GIT BEANED WITH THE MALLET, TAKE IT FROM ME!



EPISTLE FROM DENNIS SNAPP IN "LAND OF THE SKY."

Mr. Dennis V. Snapp, of the Kentuckian-Citizen, who is at Lake Junaluska, N. C., as a delegate representing Kentucky at the National Conference of the Epworth League of the Methodist church, sends a member of THE NEWS staff an interesting letter, which is reproduced below:

"Lake Junaluska, N. C., July 15.
DEAR NEWS:

"After an hour's ride on the boat I am now ready to retire to 'Dreamland,' in 'The Land of the Sky.' This common phrase by which North Carolina is known is one that is justly deserved, and if you should visit Junaluska you would be thoroughly convinced that you were living in a 'land of the sky.'

"The Southern Assembly of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, in selecting and improving Lake Junaluska has undoubtedly given the nation one of the most magnificent Chautauqua and playgrounds of the world. It is ideal in every sense of the word, including the purest and best water, which comes from springs that receive their supply from the surrounding mountains. The air is dry, crisp and bracing, and makes one feel like an entirely new person after being here a short time. The weather since my arrival has been ideal, with bright, balmy days, and the nights being cool enough to require blankets for covering. It was so cool here the first night that I spent at the Auditorium that I sent in a requisition for another blanket so as to be 'comfy' for the second night's sleep.

"You can imagine my very great surprise when I arrived here to find that the beautiful Junaluska Inn had burned on Thursday morning at two o'clock. My reservations had been made at the Inn, but I had no trouble in securing excellent accommodations at the Auditorium Hotel.

"Junaluska Inn was situated on a bluff 150 feet above and overlooking Lake Junaluska. I have never in all my life seen a more picturesque location. The Inn was complete in every respect, having 138 handsomely furnished rooms, and seventy-five rooms and suites with bath, hot and cold water in every room. The estimated cost of the building with furnishings was \$130,000. It was insured for \$75,000. I am pleased to state that plans are already being made for its rebuilding. At the time of the fire there were a great many guests at the Inn, most of whom lost practically all their personal belongings. One young woman was reported to have lost diamonds valued at \$800.

"This afternoon the delegates took a hike around the Lake, which is a distance of over five miles. We are planning to ascend to the 'Eagle's Nest' Wednesday. This will be a hike of over six miles, starting from the Auditorium Hotel. I judge by the time I walk twelve miles in one day I will be ready for fried chicken and country ham, which we get here every day.

"Kentucky has the largest delegation of any Conference represented. We have all been assigned to one table in the dining room, and believe me, Xantippe, we make ourselves known on every occasion. And we made a specialty of singing 'My Old Kentucky Home.' Those from the 'Dark and Bloody Ground' are Misses Marguerite Morris, Emma Bedford and Miriam Hare, of Lexington; Margaret Bodkin and Katherine Reeves, Shelbyville; Mrs. James Current, Miss Lena Cooper and myself, from Paris. Rev. J. E. Savage and Mrs. Ashbrook, of Covington, are expected to-morrow.

"We are having a wonderful assembly, and some of the best talent that can be found to take part on the program. In addition to the royal good time we are having and the many pleasant experiences, our trip is proving a most inspiring and helpful one.

It is now near midnight, and my light, I think, is the only one left burning, so I judge I had better jump into a very inviting-looking bed. Give my best regards to all.

"Sincerely yours,
DENNIS V. SNAPP."

THE FIRST MOTION PICTURE

It has often been erroneously quoted that Thomas Edison made the first picture before a motion picture camera, says the September Motion Picture Magazine, but one Edward Muybridge, an inventive photographer in California, really deserves credit for the first film made. Leland Stanford heard of Muybridge and offered him a large sum of money if he could show a race horse in motion. On May 18, 1878, Muybridge made his first public attempt to photograph animate objects in continuity. He set up 24 cameras operated by strings which were broken by the horse's progress around the track, thus catching successive exposures, a crude method, but destined to be the mother of our great present-day inventions. There was a shed 120 feet long opposite the cameras, painted black to serve as a sharp contrast to the horses' appearances. Later there was a motor, and so revolutionary was the result of Muybridge's first work that the University of Pennsylvania donated forty thousand dollars for experimentation. Still later, Mons. Marey took up the work in Paris, using a sensitized film and single camera.

Mr. McAdoo has raised the wages of nearly 2,000,000 men, all of whom vote. Pass prosperity around and make the nomination of Mr. McAdoo unanimous!

Next we may hear Hindenburg explain that his path to that Paris dinner was blocked by German dead.—Atlanta Constitution.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Comings and Goings of Our People Here, There and Elsewhere.

—Miss Elise Varden left yesterday for a visit to friends in Maysville.

—Mr. Thos. Drennan has returned from a visit to relatives in Fleming county.

—Miss Lake Kern is a guest of her brother, Mr. Roy Kern, in Mt. Sterling.

—Miss Ruth Feld and brother, Solomon, are visiting Miss Ida Effron, in Carlisle.

—Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Edwards and family were recent visitors at Boonesboro.

—Mrs. Alice Beall, of Danville, is a guest of Mrs. Candace Smith, on Seventh street.

—Miss Virginia Cook has returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Georgetown.

—Mrs. W. L. James is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Denison, in Clark county.

—Miss Christine Thomas has returned from a visit to Mrs. Lucy Fesler, in Mt. Sterling.

—Mr. John Current, of near Paris, is a guest of his granddaughter, Mrs. Snell Moore, in Lexington.

—Mrs. Nellie Starke has returned to her home in Louisville, after a visit to relatives in Paris.

—Misses Laura Belle Dalzell and Lucille Crouch are guests of Miss Micha Martin, in Owingsville.

—Mrs. Lee Price and son, Mr. Morris Price, are visiting Mr. John Price, at Beechmont, near Louisville.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Wilder, of Louisville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Wilder, on Cypress street.

—Miss Viola Shout, of Lexington, is a guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Shout, on Virginia avenue.

—Mr. Robert H. Harris has gone to Hamilton, Ohio, where he has taken a position in a large woolen factory.

—Misses Christine McCord and Edna Burnett are guests of friends in Georgetown and Newtown, in Scott county.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Mann have as guest at their home in this city Miss Cynthia Mann, of Mt. Sterling.

—Mrs. Charles E. Butler, Jr., and little son, of Cincinnati, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Butler, Sr., in this city.

—Mr. Edward Kenner, of Maysville, is a guest of her brother, Mr. H. A. Power, and Mrs. Power, at their home in this city.

—Mrs. L. I. Smith and two children, of Pensacola, Florida, are guests of her sister, Mrs. Frank P. Kiser, on Houston avenue.

—Mrs. Anna McDougle has returned to her home in Lexington, after a visit to Mrs. Mayme Remington Parrish, on Houston avenue.

—Mrs. C. L. Steenbergen and daughter, Miss Frances, left yesterday for a visit to friends and relatives in Huntington, W. Va.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baldwin and children, Vernita and Vail Baldwin, are camping and fishing near Robinson, on the Licking River.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Collins and daughter, Miss Dorothy Collins, of Zanesville, Ohio, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Ashcraft, in this city.

—Miss Anna Belle Race, of Butler, Ky., is a guest of Miss Mary Frances Campbell, at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. P. Campbell, on High street.

—Miss Merle Shumake, who recently graduated from the Masonic Memorial Training School for Nurses, has gone to Trevillian, Va., for a six-weeks' visit to her parents.

—Misses Rosina and Ruby Elder are hostesses to Miss Mary Mackey, of Maysville. At the conclusion of her visit Miss Mackey will go to Georgetown, where she will visit friends.

—A merry party of young people from Winchester and Clark county are in camp on the banks of Stoner Creek, in this county, spending the time in fishing and other recreations. They are chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Roys and Mr. and Mrs. Clay Boone, of Clark county.

—Mrs. Percy Reid, who has been a guest for several weeks of her mother, Mrs. M. A. Paton, and brother, Mr. Pearce Paton, will leave today for Charleston, S. C., to reside. Her husband, Mr. Percy Reid, has a fine position with the Mason-Hanger Construction Co., who are engaged in building huge dry docks at Charleston for the U. S. Government.

—Mrs. Fay Ardery was hostess recently at her home on Houston avenue to a party of friends at bridge. There were three tables. After the games refreshments were served. The guests for the afternoon were: Mesdames Ray Taylor, Oscar T. Hindton, Denis Dundon, Frank P. Kiser, L. I. Smith, W. C. Daniel, Brinch Meinertz, Sidney Ardery, Jr., and Misses Nancy Griffith, Martha Ferguson, Elizabeth Jasper and Mary Fifth Hatchef.

—The home of Mr. and Mrs. Neal Parker, on Winchester street, was the scene of a happy event, Saturday night, when a large group of young men was in the nature of a farewell party to the son of the host and hostess, Mr. William Parker, who left Monday with the Bourbon county boys for Ft. Thomas. After playing a number of games the guests were served refreshments of an enticing kind. The evening was thoroughly enjoyed by all present. The guests were: Misses Mary Buckner, Elizabeth Webb, Della Hornback, Minnie Lou Carr, Katherine Wills, Zoma Meade, Mabel Carter, Cora Buckner, Ruth Mitchell, Daisy McKee, Irene Parker, Delhi Parker; Mr. and Mrs. George Insko; Messrs. Stanley Rule, Thomas Keller, Preston Bales, George Oakley, Archie Parker, Delbert Campbell, Reynolds Buckner, Joe Ashcraft, Carroll Hooper, Harold Harp, Homer Thacker, Hanson West, Harry Clarke, John Hertig, Ollie Hertig, Jas. Lenox, George Erlon, Thos. Howe, Walter Deering, Chas. Throckmorton, Herman Butler, William Parker, Roy Parker.

(Other Personals on Page 5.)

ENTERTAINING LETTER FROM FORMER "EMPIRE" SWEENEY

THE NEWS is in receipt of the following very interesting letter from Mr. Monroe Sweeney, formerly of Paris, who is now stationed at Cambridge, Mass., in the aviation school. Mr. Sweeney's letter, in part, is as follows:

"Cambridge, Mass., July 14.
DEAR NEWS:

"Another week will find me on my way to either Miami, Key West, Fla., San Diego, Calif., Bay Shore, New York, or Akron, Ohio. I don't know which, but I sincerely hope it will be the last-named place. That is the flying station I have applied for, but I will not know until Wednesday, as that is the day all applications are considered and acted upon.

"Have been pretty busy recently with our final examinations, and now that we are in our A or senior flight we have a little time to ourselves, which is the only time we really have during the course. Last week we had final exams in engines (2), gunnery, navigation, theory of flight and seamanship, and we are yet to take our final exams in photography, aero-graphy, aerial observation, advanced navigation, radio and rigging. We get most of them on Wednesday, and at noon Friday school is out. Tomorrow morning we will go up to Harvard for our final blood test.

"Have had quite a bit of work lately in assembling and disassembling. Was working on the A-129 most of last week, and it seems more like a Pullman car than a seaplane. If I get in the heavier-than-aircraft service am very anxious to get in one of the big H-boats, as they must be wonderful machines, judging from what the boys write from Florida.

"I surely do enjoy the 'In The Service' column that runs in your paper, and evidently, judging from it, there are not very many of the boys left in the old town. It is always the first thing I read as soon as I get THE NEWS, as I am anxious to know where the boys are stationed, what they are doing and what they have to say.

"As well as being interesting, it is amusing to me to note some of the letters written from Camp Zachary Taylor by our good friend, Jack Turney. I think the genial Jack has undoubtedly missed his calling, and that he could serve his country first-rate in the capacity of humorist for one of the large dailies, in fact better than as the bearer of a Springfield rifle. Not for a minute doubting his ability as a soldier.

"Would certainly like to get a couple of days off and run down to Camp Mills, and see Doug Clay, and the other Bourbon boys there before the Dr. Barrow Unit leaves. Will let you know my address when I leave here, as I do not want to miss a single copy of THE NEWS. With kindest regards and best of luck to everybody, I am.

"J. MONROE SWENEY."

"Naval Aviation Detachment, M. Q. T. Co. 21, Cambridge, Mass."

—■■■■■

CROWDER ISSUES CALL FOR 7,000 DRAFTS.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Fifteen States were called upon by Provost Marshal General Crowder for 7,000 draft registrants fit for general military service to be sent to schools for special training. The movement will be between August 1 and 15.

Registrants may be voluntarily inducted into this service until July 22. A special call also was issued for 399 draft men qualified as cooks, to move August 1 and to be accepted as volunteers until July 23. California is asked for 128 cooks; Louisiana for 36 and New York for 12.

The allotment for the school call for Kentucky is: Kentucky 219, Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

CONGRESS GIVES PRESIDENT COVETED WIRE CONTROL.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Congress, Saturday night granted President Wilson's request for authority to take over and operate telegraph, telephone, cable and radio lines. By a vote of 46 to 16—the minority all Republicans—the Senate adopted without amendment, the House resolution granted such power for the period of the war.

The resolution will be signed by presiding officers of the Senate and House and transmitted to the President Monday.

All attempts to amend or modify the Administration measure, which passed the House July 5 by a vote of 221 to 4, were defeated at a session lasting until 9 o'clock Saturday night. Amendments by Senator Watson, of Indiana, to except telephones and press wires from the resolution were defeated, respectively, 41 to 20 and 39 to 21. An amendment by Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, Democrat, to limit action regarding telephones to long-distance wires was voted down, while an amendment by Senator Reed, of Missouri, designed to insure unrestricted public use of facilities, was twice rejected.

The resolution will be signed by the presiding officers of the Senate and House and transmitted to the President Monday.

Bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan are now being turned out by the thousands daily by the Treasury's Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

The bonds are similar in form and design to those of the third loan, and space has been left on each bond for insertion of the exact terms of the bonds.

It is believed that a sufficient number of

An Ordinance

REQUIRING ANY PERSON, FIRM, COMPANY OR CORPORATION, OR RECEIVER IN CHARGE, THEIR OFFICERS, AGENTS, SERVANTS OR EMPLOYEES GENERATING, DISTRIBUTING, FURNISHING OR SUPPLYING ELECTRICAL ENERGY IN THE CITY OF PARIS, KY., TO FURNISH, INSTALL, MAINTAIN AND OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR LIGHTING THE STREETS, AVENUES AND HIGHWAYS OF PARIS, KY., AND FIXING AND REGULATING THE RATES, TOLLS AND CHARGES FOR STREET LIGHTING AND SERVICE IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, AND FIXING AND REGULATING THE RATES, TOLLS AND CHARGES OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY AND SERVICE IN CONNECTION THEREWITH USED BY THE CITY OF PARIS FOR OTHER PUBLIC PURPOSES, NANCES OR PARTS OF ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT THEREWITH.

City Hall, Paris, Ky., July 16, 1918.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PARIS, KY.:

SECTION 1.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, their officers, servants, agents or employees generating, distributing, furnishing or supplying electrical energy in the City of Paris, Ky., shall, at their own cost and expense furnish, install and maintain in good and efficient operating condition the poles, wires, appliances and appurtenances, lamp fixtures and lamps necessary for lighting the streets, avenues and highways of the City of Paris, Ky., and shall locate and suspend the lamps at such points and at such heights and in such manner as may be ordered by the Board of Council from time to time, incandescent electric lamps of the type known as the gas-filled tungsten filament, Type C, series 6.6 ampere shall be used; and for lamps over 100 candle power a type of pendant lamp fixture equipped with suitable reflector and prismatic refractor type of globe shall be employed; for lamps of 100 candle power and under, a suitable fixture to meet the approval of the Board of Council shall be employed.

SECTION 2.—That any such person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, their officers, agents, servants or employees shall furnish and supply said incandescent electrical lamps and the electrical energy and service in connection therewith necessary to the efficient and effective operation of said lamps to their rated capacity while in service on the streets, and shall replace or renew said incandescent electric lamps when burned out or when the amount of emitted light has dropped to less than 80 per cent. of the initial value; and shall thoroughly clean the lamps and fixture parts and the prismatic refractors as often as necessary and not less than once a month; and shall keep a complete and detailed record of all incandescent electric lamp renewals, refractor replacements and cleaning of lamps, and furnishing a copy thereof with each monthly service bill.

SECTION 3.—That any such person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, their officers, agents, servants or employees shall furnish, install and maintain at their own cost and expense, at their stations or plants, suitable recording ammeters, watt-meters, and other instruments to test and record the energy consumption of all street lighting circuits; records of same shall be kept and furnished to the City monthly; and shall also furnish, erect and maintain, at their own cost and expense, wire connections at such points on such circuits as the Board of Council may order for the purpose of connecting measuring instruments to test the energy consumption as actually supplied to the lamps in service, which tests the City of Paris reserves to itself the right to make at any time.

SECTION 4.—That it shall be unlawful for any such person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, their officers, agents, servants or employees to charge, exact, demand or collect for such street lighting and service in connection therewith more than ten and one-half cents (10½¢) per night for each, and every 400 candle power lamp, and three and one-half cents (3½¢) per night for each and every 80 candle power lamp supplied to the City of Paris, Ky., payable monthly, subject to such deductions as hereinafter provided; NIGHT, as herein used, shall mean that each lamp shall burn daily from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise as determined by the U. S. Weather Bureau, at Lexington, Ky.; but the total time of burning shall be at the rate of not less than 4,000 hours during each year; provided that from said price shall be deducted from each individual 400 candle power lamp that does not burn or is out one hour and not more than two hours, five cents (5¢) each night; and for each of said lamps that do not burn or are out more than two hours per night, 10½¢; and for each individual 80 candle power lamp that does not burn or is out one hour and not more than two hours, 2¢ each night; and for each of said 80 candle power lamps that do not burn or are out more than two hours per night 3½¢ each night; provided further, that where entire circuits are out, deductions shall be made from the maximum prices hereinbefore stipulated as follows: 2¢ for each 400 candle power lamp out more than one hour; 6¢ for each of said lamps out more than three hours; 8¢ for each of said lamps out more than five hours; 10½¢ for each of said lamps out more than six hours; and for the 80 candle power lamps the deductions for the non-burning or out hours hereinbefore specified shall be 1¢; 1½¢; 2½¢, and 3½¢ respectively; provided further, that each lamp fixture having dirty or broken refractors or globes or when the amount of emitted light of the incandescent electric lamp has dropped to less than 80 per cent. of the initial value, or when the quality of the service rendered it not up to the full rated capacity of the lamps, tested in service, shall be considered to be out entirely until such defects are remedied, and during such time or default no payments shall be made by the City of Paris, Ky., for any such lamps.

SECTION 5.—That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying electrical energy and service in connection therewith to the City of Paris, Ky., in, about, on or for any building, structure or place devoted exclusively to a public use, to charge, demand, exact or collect for electrical energy or any service connection therewith so supplied or furnished, more than the rates, tolls and charges, to-wit: For general lighting purposes, 4¢ per kWh net; for general power purposes, 2½¢ per kWh net, payable monthly; minimum charge, 50¢ per month per meter.

SECTION 6.—That it shall be unlawful for any such person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, their officers, agents, servants or employees to interfere with the supply or refuse to furnish a supply of natural gas and service in connection therewith to any consumer for failure to pay for same; provided, such consumer tenders, in lawful money, the charge for such electrical energy and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 7.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 8.—That this Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication.

E. B. JANUARY, Mayor.

Attest:

J. W. HAYDEN, Clerk.

An Ordinance

TO FIX AND REGULATE RATES, TOLLS AND CHARGES OF NATURAL GAS, AND SERVICES IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, AND ESTABLISHING MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PRESSURES OF GAS, AND PROVIDING REPARATION TO CONSUMERS FOR FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO SUPPLY GAS AT MINIMUM PRESSURE PROVIDED, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES, IN PARIS, KY., AND REPEALING ALL ORDINANCES AND PARTS OF ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT THEREWITH.

City Hall, Paris, Ky., July 16, 1918.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PARIS, KY.:

Attest:

J. W. HAYDEN, Clerk.

SECTION 1.—That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, corporation, receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees supplying or furnishing natural gas or any service in connection therewith to the inhabitants of Paris, Kentucky, to charge, exact, demand or collect for natural gas or any service in connection therewith more than 43¢ per thousand cubic feet monthly use, less a discount of 5 cents per thousand cubic feet, for payment on or before the 10th day following rendition of bills. Minimum 50 cents per month per meter.

SECTION 2.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees to charge, exact, demand or collect for such street lighting and service in connection therewith more than ten and one-half cents (10½¢) per night for each, and every 400 candle power lamp, and three and one-half cents (3½¢) per night for each and every 80 candle power lamp supplied to the City of Paris, Ky., payable monthly, subject to such deductions as hereinafter provided; NIGHT, as herein used, shall mean that each lamp shall burn daily from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise as determined by the U. S. Weather Bureau, at Lexington, Ky.; but the total time of burning shall be at the rate of not less than 4,000 hours during each year; provided that from said price shall be deducted from each individual 400 candle power lamp that does not burn or is out one hour and not more than two hours, five cents (5¢) each night; and for each of said lamps that do not burn or are out more than two hours, five cents (5¢) each night; and for each of said lamps that do not burn or are out more than two hours per night, 10½¢; and for each individual 80 candle power lamp that does not burn or is out one hour and not more than two hours, 2¢ each night; and for each of said 80 candle power lamps that do not burn or are out more than two hours per night 3½¢ each night; provided further, that where entire circuits are out, deductions shall be made from the maximum prices hereinbefore stipulated as follows: 2¢ for each 400 candle power lamp out more than one hour; 6¢ for each of said lamps out more than three hours; 8¢ for each of said lamps out more than five hours; 10½¢ for each of said lamps out more than six hours; and for the 80 candle power lamps the deductions for the non-burning or out hours hereinbefore specified shall be 1¢; 1½¢; 2½¢, and 3½¢ respectively; provided further, that each lamp fixture having dirty or broken refractors or globes or when the amount of emitted light of the incandescent electric lamp has dropped to less than 80 per cent. of the initial value, or when the quality of the service rendered it not up to the full rated capacity of the lamps, tested in service, shall be considered to be out entirely until such defects are remedied, and during such time or default no payments shall be made by the City of Paris, Ky., for any such lamps.

SECTION 3.—That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, company, corporation, receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees supplying or furnishing natural gas in Paris, Ky., for heat, light and power, are hereby required at all times to furnish and supply gas for said purposes at pressures not less than 4 ounces and not more than 12 ounces to the square inch at the outlet of consumer's meter; and there shall not be in any day more than 100 per cent. fluctuation in pressure at the outlet of consumer's meter above the minimum pressure supplied that day; except that such person, firm, company or corporation, or their officers, agents, servants or employees shall be permitted to furnish gas of a higher or lower pressure and having a greater fluctuation for fuel or power

purposes to any consumer in response to written request from such consumer.

SECTION 4.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees, supplying natural gas in Paris, Kentucky, for heat, light and power, shall install and maintain in good operating condition, at least one graphic recording pressure gauge at their regulator station; at their office; at the office of the Chief of Police; and shall also equip themselves with at least one additional graphic recording pressure gauge, and shall make frequent records therewith, each covering intervals of at least twenty-four hours duration of the gas service pressure at various points on the gas distributing system. All records or charts made by the gauges shall be identified, dated and kept on file for 12 months, and be available for inspection by the city officials or consumer at any time.

SECTION 5.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying electrical energy and service in connection therewith to the City of Paris, Ky., for heat, power and light, who fail or refuse to furnish natural gas at a pressure of at least 4 ounces to the square inch at the outlet of consumer's meter for an aggregate period of 48 hours in any one month, shall discount the bills of consumers for gas furnished during the said month, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, 10 per cent. from the net amount thereof, and if said time that said pressure falls below said four ounces exceeds 48 hours in such month then said bills shall be discounted, as liquidated damages and not as a penalty, an additional 10 per cent. for each additional 48 hours or portion thereof.

SECTION 6.—That it shall be unlawful for any such person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees to interfere with the supply or refuse to furnish a supply of natural gas and service in connection therewith to any consumer for failure to pay for same; provided, such consumer tenders, in lawful money, the charge for such natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 7.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 8.—That this Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication.

E. B. JANUARY, Mayor.

Attest:

J. W. HAYDEN, Clerk.

SECTION 9.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 10.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 11.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 12.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 13.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 14.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 15.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 16.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 17.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 18.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 19.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 20.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 21.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 22.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 23.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 24.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 25.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 26.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 27.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 28.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 29.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 30.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 31.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 32.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 33.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 34.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 35.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

SECTION 36.—That any person, firm, company or corporation, or receiver in charge, or their officers, agents, servants or employees furnishing or supplying natural gas and service connected therewith at the rates, tolls and charges hereinbefore set forth in Section 1, of this ordinance, less the discounts, if any, set forth in Section 4, of this ordinance.

A. J. Winter & Co.
FOR THE BEST
NOTHING ELSE

NOTICE, TAX PAYERS.

Under the new law, all tax payers are required to call at our offices in the Court House and give in their tax lists. The office of Assessor has been abolished, and the new law requires that you call at the offices of the undersigned Tax Commissioners and transact your business in regard to taxes. We will be in our offices every day until further notice for that purpose. Call NOW and avoid penalties for not doing so. All property owners are required to bring a list of their property as of July 1st to the office.

WALTER CLARK,
Tax Commissioners for Bourbon County.

JNO. J. REDMON, Deputy.

(2-july-18)

SCHOOL INSPECTION POSTPONED

Owing to intervening circumstances the inspection of the recently completed consolidated school building near Centerville, known as the Center-Hill Consolidated School, scheduled for to-morrow by the Board of Education, has been postponed until Saturday, July 27.

RESIGNS AFTER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF SERVICE.

Mr. Charles Sauer, who for the past eighteen years has been in the employ of Mr. J. T. Hinton and the J. T. Hinton Co., as interior decorator, has resigned his position. Mr. Sauer will go into business for himself at sometime in the near future.

SCHOOL BOARD CHANGES.

At a recent meeting of the City Board of Education, Mr. John F. Davis, of J. W. Davis & Co., was selected a member of the Board. He succeeds Mr. C. O. Hinton, who resigned to engage in Y. M. C. A. war work with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

At the same meeting a Domestic Science department was created, with Miss Nell Marrs, of Lawrenceburg, as instructor. Miss Marr's salary was placed at \$75 per month. She will assume her position as a member of the High School faculty at the re-opening of the school term in September.

B. OF R. T. MEETING.

The local division, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, will hold their regular meeting at the Knights of Pythias Castle Hall, third floor of the Wilson Building, corner of Main and Third streets, Sunday afternoon. All members are requested to be present, and take part in the work.

MARGOLEN'S SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK—READ 'EM OVER.

Pure hog lard in 25 pound cans at 27 cents per pound. Special for this week only.

Pic-nic sugar-cured hams at 28 cents per pound, for this week only.

This is your chance to buy the best at a great saving. Take advantage of these specials NOW, as they will be higher next week.

MARGOLEN'S SANITARY MEAT MARKET. (16-21)

DELEGATES ELECTED.

Bourbon Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, at its regular meeting, elected A. R. Denison and G. M. Turner as delegates, with R. C. Foster, as alternate, to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge at Louisville during the week of the State Fair. This Council now has eleven members out of a total of seventy-three in the United States service.

BUY PEACHES NOW—THEY WILL BE HIGHER.

Now is the time to buy peaches if you want any. They will be higher later. We have plenty now, but don't know how long they will last. Anyhow, they will cost more later.

(1t.)

C. P. COOK & CO.

FINE LINE OF NEW ENGRAVED SAMPLES JUST IN.

THE NEWS has just received from the Jenner Co., of Louisville, one of the most noted engraving houses in America, a fine new line of samples of engraved goods, for which this house is justly famous. These samples can be seen at THE NEWS office by those in need of anything in the way of engraved stationery, etc. We reproduce a letter from the Jenner Company, accompanying their elegant line of samples:

"Louisville, Ky., July 18, 1918.

"THE NEWS, Paris, Ky.

"We are going to take pains—we always try to do this with our good friends and customers, some time we slip—to send you a nice variety of samples, just such a line as with which practically we supply our very largest customers, but we feel that you will take care of them in a way that will result to our mutual benefit.

"Paris, we know, used to be a good society town, and, we believe, that with this lot of samples you will, at least, get your share of the business and hope that you will get more than your share, and we want you to know just now, that we will, gladly, do anything in the world we can for you in an effort to co-operate with you.

"With kind regards,
"THE JENNER CO."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.**Comings and Goings of Our People Here, There and Elsewhere.**

Mrs. Mary Young, of Nicholasville, is a guest of Miss Susan Letton, in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Grosche are at West Baden, Indiana, for a two-weeks' stay.

Mrs. John Woodford, of Paris, is visiting her father, Mr. John Van Meter, in Danville.

Mr. and Mrs. Jo Varden were in Cincinnati, Tuesday, on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Mr. Robert P. Walsh, of the Walsh Clothing store, was in Mt. Sterling yesterday on business.

Mrs. Marion Buchanan and daughter, Mrs. Margaret Merrick, have moved to Covington to reside.

Miss Vallette McClintock has gone to Lake Chautauqua, New York, to spend the remainder of the summer.

Mrs. Katherine Davis Craig, of Paris, is a guest of Miss Mary Hernon for the Chautauqua in Georgetown.

Miss Lula Wilmott, of Hutchinson, is a guest of Mrs. Smith Wilmott during the Chautauqua at Georgetown.

Mrs. James Crawford and son, Millard, of Harmon avenue, are guests of relatives at Myers, in Nicholas county.

Mrs. S. E. McClanahan has returned from a visit to the family of her father, Mr. Wm. H. Faris, in Flemingsburg.

Miss Ethel Buchanan has returned from a visit to Camp Zachary Taylor, near Louisville, where her brother is stationed.

Mrs. Minnie McIntyre and little daughter, Miss Thelma McIntyre, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Neal Ballenger, at Lower Blue Licks, in Nicholas county.

Mayor E. B. January attended a meeting of the Executive Board of the Odd Fellows' Widows' and Orphans' Home, at Lexington, yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Sallie McMillan, of Lexington, is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Jo Varden, and her sons, Judge Chas. A. McMillan and Dr. Raymond McMillan, in this city.

Mrs. Gilbert Lytle and little daughter, Edna Garrett, are guests of Mrs. Lytle's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mansfield, in Danville. They will be joined in Danville, Sunday, by Mr. Lytle.

Miss Helen Edwards has returned from a two-weeks' visit to relatives in Richmond, Va. She was accompanied by her cousin, Miss Mary Louise Howard, who will be her guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Watts and little son, Master Jack, also Miss Etta Crockett, all of Covington, Ky., motored to Paris, Sunday, and spent the day with Mrs. Ida W. Snyder, of East Eighth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Clay and Misses Lula Caldwell Thomas and Ann Thomas have returned to their homes in Mt. Sterling after a visit to Mr. George R. Davis and daughter, Mrs. William Swearengen, in this city.

Mr. Robert Turner, who is a patient at the Massie Memorial Hospital, in this city, following a recent operation for appendicitis, is slightly improved. Mr. Turner is under the care of Mrs. Carrie F. Stone, trained nurse.

Miss Mary Fithian Hutchcraft entertained at her home on Second street, in compliment to Miss Elizabeth Brown, a bride-elect. Miss Elizabeth Crutcher gave a "handkerchief shower" last night at her home on Stoner avenue in honor of Miss Brown.

P. J. McCord and T. A. Williams, of Paris, attended the unfurling of a service flag by Bethesda Encampment, I. O. O. F., in Lexington, Monday night. Mr. McCord is Grand Chief Patriarch of the Kentucky Encampment of the I. O. O. F.

In Lexington, to the wife of Mr. W. R. Clinkenbeard, a son, named John Edward, in honor of his two grandfathers. The mother was formerly Miss Nell Hadden, of Winchester and Lexington. Mr. Clinkenbeard was for some time a resident of Paris, where he was ticket agent in the Louisville & Nashville office.

Cynthiana Democrat: "Miss Helen Dedman is visiting in Paris... Miss Elizabeth Currie is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. O. Marshall, in Paris... Miss Sarah Currie has returned from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. J. O. Marshall, in Paris... Rev. and Mrs. J. Taylor Sharrard, have moved to the former Amende house on the Griffith place, near Broadwell, this county, where they will spend the remainder of the summer."

Phil Paynter, of Birmingham, Alabama, a member of the reportorial force of the Birmingham Daily Advance, was a recent visitor to Paris. Mr. Paynter, who was formerly private secretary to Capt. Richard P. Hopkins, came to Kentucky to confer with his former chief with reference to business matters. Through a misunderstanding of names Mr. Paynter went to Middleboro, instead of Millersburg, where Capt. Hobson spoke at the Chautauqua. He met Hobson at Fairmount and will accompany him on part of his lecturing tour.

Miss Elizabeth Crutcher gave a "hide-and-seek handkerchief shower" last night at the home of Mrs. Georgia Webb and Miss Nellie Fithian, on Stoner avenue, in honor of Miss Elizabeth Brown, who is soon to become the bride of Rev. J. J. Rice, pastor of the Paris Presbyterian church. A large number of guests responded to invitations to be present, and spent a delightful evening with the hostess and the guest of honor.

Yesterday afternoon the fair bride-elect was tendered a reception by the ladies of the Presbyterian church, the happy event taking place in the new church edifice which is about completed. A large number of guests attended the reception, and joined in pre-nuptial congratulations to Miss Brown and Rev. Rice, felicitating them upon their coming wedding.

(Other Personals on Page 3.)

HAIL INSURANCE.

Insure your tobacco against hail with Thomas, Woodford & Bryan. Prompt paying companies.

(June 25-18)

Did You Take It?

The party who took a handsome silk umbrella from the Alamo Theatre between 4:00 and 5:00 o'clock yesterday afternoon, whether by mistake or intentionally is requested to return same to the box office. No questions asked.

(1t.)

For Sale

Five-passenger Reo Touring Car. Six good tires. Car is in excellent mechanical condition and a bargain for cash if sold at once.

JOHN M. CLAY,
(2-pd) Route 7, Paris, Ky.

WANTED

Middle aged lady for night operator. Good opportunity for right person.

PARIS HOME TEL. & TEL. CO.,
(Incorporated)
(17-3t) W. H. Cannon, Mgr.

FOR SALE

A 5-room residence, with electric light and gas in all the rooms; bath, etc., on Vine street, adjoining the residence of W. H. Whitley. The place is in first-class condition.

Apply to J. T. HINTON,
(19Jy-3t-F) Either phone.

Removal Notice!

Dr. W. R. Franklin has moved his office from 520 Main street, to Suite 5 and 6, in the First National Bank building, and is prepared to handle his largely increasing trade in a manner that will be highly satisfactory to the most exacting. Dr. Franklin furnishes glasses for the eyes and has no side lines. He is a graduate in his profession and knows what he is doing. Don't take chances with the eyes, you can only have one pair.

(1t.)

FINAL NOTICE!

Those who have not complied with the law as to the cleaning of vaults, privies and cess pools are now notified that for the next 10 days they may secure the services of Ben Hawkins, who has returned to Paris for the above specified time and may be found at the residence of Charles Bishop, colored, on Seventh street, Cumb. phone 515.

This notice is important and those who have not obeyed the orders of the Health Board will be proceeded against according to law.

A. H. KELLER,
City Health Officer
By order City Board of Health.
(19-4t)

LATEST
Q. R. S.
PLAYER
ROLLS

Keep the Home Fires Burning.

There's a Long, Long Trail Over There.

They're All Out of Step But God Be With Our Boys.

Are You From Heaven?

My American Rose.

Undertaker Blues.

Daugherty Bros.

Fifth and Main

Kodaks Victrolas

Player Pianos

(Other Personals on Page 3.)

**CLOSING OUT SALE!
NOW GOING ON!****Gingham****Wash Rags**

3c

each

Hope Cotton

24c

per yard

White Goods

20c quality at..... 16c

25c quality at..... 21c

35c quality at..... 28c

45c quality at..... 37 1-2c

55c quality at..... 48c

75c quality at..... 59c

\$1.00 quality at..... 79c

1 Lot of Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs**BELDING SILK THREAD**

100 yards to spool

9c each

or 3 for 25c

1 Lot of Ladies' Handkerchiefs

2 1/2c

each

SILK HOSE

39c

PERCALE

per yard

29c

ONE LOT OF

15c

Ladies' 25c Vests

50c values at.....

\$1.00 values at.....

39c

79c

All

FEEL LIKE GIVING UP.

Many Paris People On the Verge of Collapse.

A bad back makes you miserable all the time—Lame every morning; sore all day. It hurts to stoop—is hurts to straighten. What with headache, dizzy spells, urinary weakness—No wonder people are discouraged. Who do not know the kidneys may be the cause of it all?

Give the weakened kidneys needful help.

Use a tested and proven kidney remedy.

None endorsed like Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. John Mastin, 1439 High street, Paris, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results and I know from the help they gave me that they would be just as beneficial in other cases of kidney trouble. I had a dead, dull ache across the small of my back and my kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of those complaints and if I should need a kidney remedy again, I would certainly take Doan's."

Mrs. Mastin is only one of many Paris people who have gratefully endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills. If your back aches, if your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Mastin had—the remedy backed by home testimony. 60 cents at all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. "When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name."

(adv-july)

When a half dozen men start to bragging in a kafu you will never see more than six liars in the crowd. more than six liars in the crowd.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

(adv-july)

A writer in a Louisville paper says that there are some fine looking calves in the Bluegrass section of Kentucky now. What sort of calves do you reckon he means?

MARGOLEN'S

All Fruits
Vegetables
Fish
and Meats

are kept inside our store in separate refrigerators—everything screened and free from dust and flies.

Buy where edibles are kept in a sanitary manner. Our service is prompt.

MARGOLEN'S
Sanitary Meat MarketWHEN YOU BUY
BREEZE
YOU WANT YOUR
MONEY'S WORTH!

Cheap breeze is more important to you than cheap fans; because the fans are paid for once, the breeze continually.

Westinghouse Fans

have proved their ability to give the most breeze for the least expenditure, and for this reason are money savers.

Paris Gas & Electric Co.
(Incorporated)

AMERICA'S BIG ARMY PUT IN FIELD ON RECORD TIME.

Reduction by half of the time it was originally estimated it would take to put America's first field army in France, was disclosed with the formal announcement by General March that three full army corps had been organized by General Pershing and that the number of soldiers sent overseas now numbered more than 1,100,000.

The eighteen divisions comprising the corps, consisting of four regular, nine national guard and five national army divisional units, probably will compose the first army which, with supplemented army troops such as heavy artillery, will total a million men.

Instead of one field army on January 1, 1919, as originally planned, it now appears probable that two such armies will be operating in France by that time backed by full American built and maintained supply lines. The great project of establishing the American army as the right flank of the battle line will then be within sight.

General March said organization of the first field army had not yet been completed. The formation of the three corps, however, and his announcement that troop movements to France were proceeding at the same astonishing rate that has been the rule for the last three months, made the American military program clear.

— ■ ■ ■ —

PAPER WASTAGE BY THE GOVERNMENT POINTED OUT.

A committee of the Eastern paper manufacturers has sounded what seems to be a long-neglected note with the purpose of revealing the shortage of white paper, now growing daily more acute. Paper wastage, the committee declares, is extravagant and unchecked except for the efforts of the newspaper publishers.

The Government itself is one of the chief offenders. Thousands of pounds of paper are used in Government circulars, printed on one side only and mailed in large envelopes, which, by possibly half of their recipients, are thrown unopened into waste-paper baskets. "Security leagues," and similar organizations waste tons of paper in this way, also, far exceeding the Government in the extent of their futile and unnecessary mail circulations.

Among the suggestions brought forward lately by paper men for aiding the market is that all laid papers be eliminated, special finishes such as linen or vellum be dispensed with, bond papers be limited to five grades, colors be reduced, maximum weight bases established and all special orders be made only on a substance weight basis and only on orders for 10,000 pounds or more of a special size.

There is great waste of all kinds of paper according to many dealers. Writing on one side of note paper, for instance, and using long sheets when short ones would do is practiced everywhere. Wrapping paper is tossed away after being used once and the pieces are virtually too large for the bundles. When a butcher slaps a minute bit of steak into a sheet of paper big enough to carpet a parlor floor he may be making the package look as though it were worth the small fortune paid for it, but he certainly is not conserving paper.

PIG CLUB BOYS TO TAKE TRIP TO STATE FAIR.

The arrangement for another Farm Boys' Encampment at the State Fair, September 9 to 14, inclusive, has been made. One boy from the Boys' Agricultural Club in each county will be chosen as a representative and will receive this trip with all expenses paid, including railroad fare, board and lodging for the week.

This boy will be selected by the County Agent, Mr. L. S. Robbins, not later than August 15th. This, however, does not preclude the selection of a boy later on for a trip to the State Fair because of the boy having the best pig at the Pig Club Show of the county. The boy to be selected August the 15th will be the one that has taken the greatest interest in the development of his pig and has kept his record book in the best shape. It is probable that an Agricultural Board of Control will be organized in this county soon and that the selection of this boy may be turned over to the committee. The latter part of August the Pig Club Show will be held in the county and the boys in the Pig Club are now striving to see which can come out winner in the exhibit. Money prizes and a trip to the State Fair are held out as premiums to the winners. It is hoped, however, that a good many boys and girls from this county, whether they are winners or not will decide to compete for the thousand dollars in premiums offered at the State Fair on exhibits of pigs, calves, sheep, soy beans, potatoes, corn, etc.

Denver, Colo.—Every member of City Park Baptist church was urgently requested to attend a special mid-week prayer meeting and to be on hand an hour earlier than usual. When the "worshippers" arrived the pastor produced an old case knife for each member, pointed to a church lawn badly cluttered by dandelions and told men and women alike to get busy. At the end of an hour of digging the lawn was clear of weeds.

Y.M.C.A. HUT IS THEIR HANG OUT

Yanks Travel Many Miles to Spend Evening in the Club.

SOMEBODY ALWAYS ON JOB

"Y Guy" Can Be Depended Upon to Get Move On in Emergency—Men Made to Feel Perfectly Free and Unrestrained.

By CLARENCE BUDINGTON KELLAND.

Paris.—Thirty sailors off an American war vessel hired a motor truck and drove nine miles to get to the Y. M. C. A. club in a famous French city. I asked them why.

"Because it's a regular hangout," one of them said, and another added, "Because you get white bread with butter on it, and eggs fried on both sides and coffee with piano accompaniment."

As soon as I broke into the place I found why men would ride nine miles on a truck to loaf there from eight until eleven.

It wasn't the sort of place folks in the United States imagine a Y. M. C. A. to be. It was a swelteringly hot night, and the broad front steps were lined from end to end with men in khaki and men in navy blue. They were gassing and smoking until the place looked as if the captain had ordered a smoke screen to help him through the submarine zone.

Right on the Job.

And then somebody busted up the game. A sailor came in and made the announcement that the driver of their truck refused to take them back to quarters again, and it was walk or nine miles on a hot night, or a stretch in the brig for them. Gloom descended. Then somebody turned around and bellowed, "Where's one of them 'Y guys'?"

A "Y" guy happened to be on the spot and in a second he was surrounded, not by a crowd of men who were angry or in a mood to demand something, but by fellows who were mighty courteous in an unpleasant situation.

That was something worth remarking, and it made you sort of glad to be ten to the second. They sang as if they were glad to be alive.

They put the thing up to the "Y" guy and one fellow said sort of bashful-like, "We don't want to act like we was puttin' this up to you. 'Tain't your fault, but—"

It was apparent they had gotten the idea somehow that you could depend on a "Y" guy to get a move on him, and the "Y" guy allowed as much.

"Sure, it's up to us," he said, "that's why we're here."

Inside of twenty minutes he was back with a big truck with a red triangle on the side of it. He tucked the thirty sailors into it and off they went to keep their appointment with their boss.

That, quite likely, is one reason why they rode nine miles to spend an evening in the Y. M. C. A., because they knew somebody was on the job.

Like You Owned the Place.

Another reason is that you don't have to knock, show a ticket, wiggle your first finger or roll over and play dead to get in. You just walk in like you were there to foreclose a first mortgage on the place.

When you walk through the front door you don't run into a lecture hall, though there is one upstairs, and the odor that comes to your nose isn't the odor of sanctity. It's the smell of fried eggs. The cafeteria is the first thing you meet, and if you are wise you get acquainted with it and stay acquainted while you are in this locality, for it is the best and cheapest place to eat in town. I know because I tried several.

The most impressive thing about it is the complete absence of an ostentatious welcome. You just help yourself and nobody says a word. You wander in and eat and wipe your mouth on your sleeve and hike upstairs to mess around on a piano or write a letter or play billiards, or to do as you doggone please. You are free. To be able to make a huge number of men feel perfectly free and unrestrained and at home is quite some little accomplishment. I haven't had time to find out how it is done, but the next time I have a party at my house I'm going to try it on. It's the real thing in hospitality.

SURPRISE FOR CHURCH FOLKS

Called an Hour Earlier for Prayer Meeting and Set to Digging Dandelions.

Denver, Colo.—Every member of City Park Baptist church was urgently requested to attend a special mid-week prayer meeting and to be on hand an hour earlier than usual. When the "worshippers" arrived the pastor produced an old case knife for each member, pointed to a church lawn badly cluttered by dandelions and told men and women alike to get busy. At the end of an hour of digging the lawn was clear of weeds.

An Aphorism Falls Down.

Genius has not yet been able to write an aphorism that would hold good in every instance. "Familiarity breeds contempt," they say. Every notable poet, essayist or artist whatsoever has left a tribute to his mother, either by personal tribute, or dedication or through symbolism, of love for his mother. Yet no other man has ever found such expression, however sublime, that could measure up to his own idea of his mother's virtues. And where is familiarity so pronounced as between mother and son?—Seattle Post Intelligencer.

Teeth to Blame.

The worst criminals seem to be the teeth. The Paris Medical takes a new sling at them, blaming them for sins usually charged to wronged, misguided tuberculosis. "Baude insists that with enlarged glands in the neck, the primary lesion should be sought in the teeth, before incriminating the tubercle bacilli, and urges that the physician should insist on the teeth being put in order as an indispensable element of whatever treatment he is instituting."

To Reduce Flesh.

To reduce superfluous fat you must work. Your path will wind through many lanes of self-sacrifice before your mirror will give back the coveted willowy image. Your attainment of the ideal will mean hot work, too, for vigorous exercise is necessary. A daily walk of five miles should not be excessive if you are in good condition. Give a fair trial to the tonic baths so helpful for many girls who complain of "tired feelings."

Ornamental Trees.

As ornamental trees the Japanese and Chinese persimmons are entitled to high rank. When the trees are in full leaf they are handsome without other adornment. The trees loaded with orange and orange-red fruits are among the most striking objects in the garden. All thrive in California, and not elsewhere except in some southern states.

Population of the Earth.

In 1787 the population of the earth, according to Busching, was about 1,000,000,000; in 1800, according to Fabri and Stein, only 900,000,000; in 1833, according to Stein and Horschelmann, 872,000,000. In 1858 Dietrich estimated it at 1,266,000,000 and Kolb, in 1865, at 1,220,000,000. According to the latest calculations the earth is inhabited by 1,400,000,000 human beings.

Where Sardines Are Found.

Sardines are abundantly found off the Galician, Andalusian and Cantabrian coasts. This fish varies in length from approximately 4½ to 7½ inches and weighs from 24 to 68 grams (0.864 to 2.398 ounces); occasionally larger specimens are caught.

Explained.

Willis—"What caused the row between Bump and his wife?" Gillis—"They went out to a theater last night and Bump hired a taxi to take them home. When the driver asked him where to, Bump said, 'Home,' and the driver said, 'Which one?'—Judge.

What They Left Behind.

We know of a lot of men who didn't leave much behind them in the way of actual cash accumulated but they did leave families rich in the memories of the happiness they had while they were alive.

Absorbing the Sun's Heat.

According to an Italian scientist's figures a square mile of the earth's surface in six hours of sunshine receives heat equivalent to the combustion of more than 2,600 tons of coal.

A Pathetic Figure.

When a woman who married a man to reform him lives to be sixty years old without becoming a widow, she is about as pathetic a picture of animated weariness as one ever sees.

War Macaroni.

Somebody is complaining of the size of the war macaroni. We have always preferred the 44-calibre kind to the sort they call wermicelli, as Samuel Weller would say.

Armament of the Monitor.

The armament of the Monitor, which defeated the Merrimac, consisted of two eleven-inch guns, throwing 180-pound shot.

The Better Way.

It is better to worry about what may happen and get busy to prevent it than to spend a lifetime worrying after it has happened.

Method.

"How did you get the reputation of being so wise?" "I talk with a man till I discover something he doesn't know anything about. Then I pretend to explain it to him."—Washington Star.

A Test of Time.

Another way in which a man can tell when he's getting along in years is by noticing whether a reference to the veterans of '98 sounds at all funny to him or not.

E. ugh to Go Around.

Don't inagine that you're getting all the hard luck or all the good luck, because that never happened to anybody and never will.



COOLMOR
TRADE MARK
WIND-SAFE
SELF-HANGING
PORCH SHADES
TRADE MARK
MADE UNDER PATENT LICENSE

Special

SUMMER SALE

On Porch Shades and All Summer Goods

NEW ICEBERG REFRIGERATORS
SAVE ICE

Just a few left at a big saving in price.

NEW PROCESS GAS STOVES
SAVE GAS

Let us put one up for you.

NEW PROCESS OIL STOVES AT A SPECIAL PRICE

during the hot days. Let us show you how much you can save on each thing you buy.

A. F. Wheeler Furniture Co.
Chas. Green, Manager Opposite Court House

The Pendleton Shop

135 EAST MAIN ST., OPP. PHOENIX HOTEL
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

We Extend a Cordial Invitation
to Visit Our New Store,
and Solicit Your
Patronage

GOWNS SUITS HATS

GO. W. DAVIS

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Motor Equipment

AMERICAN TROOPS SHOWING BOCHES SOME TRICKS.

ON THE FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, July 18.—It was a brilliant operation in which the American troops ejected the enemy from the positions he had gained temporarily on the southern side of the Marne. The Americans counter-attacked vigorously Tuesday evening with remarkable dash, throwing the Germans back across the near Fossey.

Earlier in the day this part of the line had been the scene of the most desperate fighting, when the Germans started to throw pontoons across the stream. A few German elements at first succeeded in getting over in boats, chasing the allied troops away from the banks, while the German engineers began to lay the bridges. Six of these bridges formed a lattice work and rapidly joined the banks on either side. Two of the bridges were most substantial structures and between twenty and thirty feet in width.

French airplanes played great havoc in the German ranks while the bridges were under construction. One bombing squadron flying at a height of 200 metres, dropped bombs on two of these bridges while enemy troops were crossing. The bridges were broken and the soldiers thrown in the river. The aviators constantly bombed the other bridges and did great execution among the Germans on the bridges as well as on the banks where the enemy was concentrated in great masses.

PARIS, July 18.—The battle continued violently, especially south of the Marne there was no change in the situation.

Except for one sector south of the Marne there is no change in the situation.

American and French troops were counter-attacking magnificently and taking many prisoners, according to the statement issued by the war office.

South of the Marne, the Germans have not been able to advance their line beyond St. Aignan, La Chapelle, Monthonon, Lisières and south of the forest of Bouquigny. The French in this region have taken a thousand prisoners.

On the front east of Rheims, in spite of terrific fighting during the past day and night the enemy has not been able to penetrate the French zone of defense.

The German loss in prisoners during the first day of the battle was extremely heavy.

The text of the statement reads:

"The battle continues with redoubled violence. Between Chateau Thier and Rheims the enemy is launching furious attacks. The combats are particularly violent south of the Marne and in the region of Chatillon.

"French and American troops are resisting magnificently and counter-attacking many times with the utmost vigor.

"South of the Marne the Germans have not been able to advance their lines beyond St. Aignan, La Chapelle, Monthonon, Lisières and south of the forest of Bouquigny. In this region the French have taken 1,000 prisoners. Mareuil-le-Port, on the Marne south of Chatillon, is held by the French.

"North of the Marne the French have held up the enemy in the outskirts of Chatillon and southeast of Rodemont wood. In this region there is no appreciable change in the rest of the line. All German attacks during the course of the night failed.

"On the front east of Rheims the fighting, while of the utmost violence, was unfruitful and the enemy during the past day and night has not been able to penetrate the French zone of defense which runs to the eastward through Jrunay. The battle positions of the French are intact.

"The enemy losses in prisoners during the first day of the battle have been extremely heavy."

AMERICAN RED CROSS HOSPITAL BOMBED BY GERMANS.

PARIS, FRANCE, July 18.—German aviators Monday night dropped bombs on the American Red Cross hospital at Jouy. Two enlisted men were killed and among the personnel, nine persons were wounded.

Miss Jane Jeffery, an American Red Cross nurse, was among those wounded, but her injuries are not serious.

The hospital was deliberately bombed by the German aviators. It was full of wounded at the time and doctors were performing operations at four tables. The operations continued notwithstanding the explosions.

At least three bombs were dropped on the hospital. One destroyed three tents. Additional doctors were telephoned for immediately and the work of the hospital was continued without interruption.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
(adv-july)

Texas is in mourning because the Government will not permit the killing of lambs and the State has gone dry, so the mint beds are coming along, all for nothing.—Miami Herald.

THRESHING RATES FIXED FOR BOURBON FARMERS.

At a meeting of representative farmers of this county, held in this city, an agreement was made whereby a fixed rate of twenty-five cents per bushel for threshing wheat, where the coal for the engines was furnished by the farmers, was established.

It has been ascertained through the investigation of a number of interested parties, that Mr. J. C. Scobee, of Clark county, had been making a charge of as high as thirty-five cents per bushel for threshing wheat in this county, the farmers in many instances agreeing to pay the high price rather than take the risk of having their wheat spoiled by the frequent rains.

On Tuesday a number of farmers drove to the farm of Mr. Allie G. Jones, near North Middletown, where Mr. Scobee's machines were at work and presented the matter to Mr. Scobee from their viewpoint. At the request of the committee, Mr. Scobee entered into an agreement, which was signed by him, in which he agreed to meet the new rate that had been established by the Bourbon county farmers. The agreement was as follows:

"I agree to thresh wheat in Bourbon county for twenty-cents per bushel, and three and one-half cents for fuel, and I also agree not to accept a bonus of any nature from any one."

J. C. SCOBEE."

The committee was composed of the following: A. B. Hancock, Sam Clay, John Woodford, Woodford Buckner, Edward Burke, J. W. Jones, M. J. Lavin, James M. Caldwell, Lawrence Mitchell, Will G. McClintock, John T. Collins, Ben Woodford, Sr., and John J. Redmon.

GREAT LAKES NAVAL STATION BAND COMING TO PARIS.

In the last issue of THE NEWS appeared an item regarding the probable visit to this city soon of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station Band, which is making a tour of Kentucky in the interest of enlistments in the United States navy. It was not known positively at that time just when the band would visit this section of the State, but the announcement was made from the bandstand by a representative that it would be very soon.

Mr. Rudolph Davis, of Paris, always in the forefront of things enterprising, visited Louisville, Wednesday on business, and while there paid a visit to the headquarters of the organization, where, after consultation with Bandmaster Smith, he made arrangements for the appearance of the band in Paris. While the date was not specified, it was stated that it would be some time next week. Mr. Davis called THE NEWS by long distance phone yesterday morning, and gave the welcome information that the band would positively be here some day next week. The public will be informed through the Paris press of its coming and the exact hour, if possible to get the information.

The band will leave Louisville next Monday, and will spend four days in Lexington and vicinity. From there it will come to Paris. The organization is composed of thirty-six skilled musicians, personally selected by Bandmaster John Philip Sousa, for the trip and placed in the care of Bandmaster S. M. Smith, who will direct it in all the concerts to be given. The program to be rendered here will embrace selections from the noted composers, patriotic airs and popular music from all the latest hits of the day.

JOURNALISM STUDENTS GIVEN GOOD POSITIONS.

Thomas Underwood, of Hopkinsville, has been promoted from the position of reporter on the Lexington Herald to that of city editor of the same publication. Young Underwood was a student in the Department of Journalism, University of Kentucky, before going to the Herald.

His successor on the reportorial force of the Herald is Thornton Connell, of Paris, also a student of journalism in the University, and during the session of 1917-18 editor of the Kernel, student weekly publication of the University. Mr. Connell will continue his work at the University and graduate next year, taking his A. B. degree in journalism. He was a fellow-student at the College of Journalism with Mr. Wayne Cottenham, lately of Paris, now one of the "star" reporters on the staff of The Lexington Daily Leader.

MORE EXAMPLES OF "GERMAN KULTUR" SHOWN.

LONDON, July 16.—In a recent German raid on the Belgians more than fifty girls were killed by air bombs launched upon an ambulance park at La Penne, behind the Ypres front. According to a special dispatch from The Hague fifty bombs were dropped in the immediate neighborhood of the park and several struck a large villa about a hundred yards from the hospital.

Of the many girls of the villa engaged in making bandages and repairing linen for the wounded thirty were instantly killed or died from injuries within a few minutes. Forty injured were removed from the villa, of whom twenty-four died later.

With the outbreak of influenza in Germany a danger zone is established which even the Kaiser and his six saffron sons cannot escape.

Could the eternal verities have better illustration than is furnished by the fact that a German propagandist turns out to be a butcher?

A woman believes that if her husband had any brains he could keep up his life insurance without having to pay the premiums.

CUT TIME ON SHIPS

New Record for Rapid Construction Is Set.

Baltimore Shipbuilding Company Reduces the Present Average by Half.

Washington.—In its effort to set a new record for rapid ship construction, the Baltimore Dry Dock and Shipbuilding company has cut in half the present average time for construction of contract steel ships. This average for the 12 contract steel ships built to date is 130 5-6 days.

In previous years a year was regarded as fast time for building a steel vessel of above 6,000 tons.

The ten fastest built vessels for the shipping board have averaged 99 9-10 days between keel laying and delivery. The 5,500-ton collier Tuckahoe, record holder in this or any other year, was built in 37 days. On the list of the ten fastest built ships the slowest time was 119 days. Here is the list:

Tuckahoe, 5,500 tons, New York Shipbuilding company, 37 days.

West Lianga, 8,800 tons, Skinner & Eddy corporation, Seattle, 78 days.

West Alsek, 8,800 tons, Skinner & Eddy corporation, Seattle, 92 days.

Ossineke, 8,571 tons, Skinner & Eddy corporation, Seattle, 108 days.

West Durfee, 8,800 tons, Skinner & Eddy corporation, Seattle, 111 days.

Canoga, 8,548 tons, Skinner & Eddy corporation, Seattle 112 days.

Westgrove, 8,800 tons, Columbia River S. B. Co., Seattle, 112 days.

Western Queen, 8,800 tons, Skinner & Eddy corporation, Seattle, 113 days.

Lake Huron, 8,100 tons, American S. B. Co., Chicago, 117 days.

Lake Forest, 8,100 tons, American S. B. Co., Chicago 119 days.

WEST POINT GRADUATE



Keng Wang, from China, a member of the class of 1919, recently graduated a year ahead of schedule at West Point, stood twelfth in his class.

ICED DRINKS UNDER BAN

State Food Administration of Arkansas Rules Out Cooling Beverages.

Little Rock, Ark.—The girls may continue to wear \$90 gowns, \$25 boots and hose that cost more than a pair of shoes did a generation ago, but in this town they will not flirt among the round tables in the soda joints, sipping soft drinks at the expense of soldier boys or loving swains. The state food administration has knocked these good times on the head. The girls must learn that the country is at war. No more, according to the order of the food administration, shall soft drink stands serve iced tea, sherbet and water ices. An order has also been issued denying manufacturers of soft drinks who have used their 1918 sugar allotment more sugar for the remainder of the year.

Eagle Attacks Woman.

Franklin, W. Va.—A bald eagle that has made frequent excursions into this part of the country made a vicious attack on Mrs. Anna Simmons while she was walking to her home near this city. Three deep wounds were made in her face where the eagle's talons had gonged into the flesh. Will Halterman, who ran to her assistance, was also attacked and forced to seek shelter.

Could the eternal verities have better illustration than is furnished by the fact that a German propagandist turns out to be a butcher?

A woman believes that if her husband had any brains he could keep up his life insurance without having to pay the premiums.

I Saw in the Paper.

"I have just learned of a new way to remove a scorch from linen," said the woman who studies the papers. "I'm always scorching mine; tell me about it," requested the woman who did not know.

"It is a little troublesome at first. You put two ounces of fuller's earth into a pan, add half an ounce of white soap, the juice of two large onions and half a pint of vinegar. You boil this together for a few minutes, then you put it in a covered vessel for future use. When you have a scorch, you spread this mixture on it with a knife. Let it dry on the cloth and the stain will disappear."

Business Courtesy.

A business man rises to welcome his wife or a woman friend or a woman relative who visits him at his office, but he does not rise to greet his stenographer or other woman employees. No business woman is justified in requesting this distinction. The custom cannot be construed to mean that the man does not respect his women employees highly. It simply means that in the business world, as nowhere else, women and men are all human beings working together, and on much the same plane of courtesy.

Novel Treatment.

A whirlpool bath is the novel treatment applied at a hospital in Manchester, England, for cases of rheumatism, following typhoid and dysentery. The tank, large enough for 12 men, contains 4 feet of water and is provided with seats on which the bathers are immersed to their necks. The temperature is kept at 98 degrees Fahrenheit, just below that of the body. The room is quiet and dimly lighted, and after an hour in the bath the men go to rest rooms.

By a Long Path.

"All that we possess has come to us by a long path. There is no instantaneous liberty or wisdom, language or religion." Even that which comes to us as a sudden revelation is but the opening of our eyes or minds to behold that which has long been begun by toil and struggle. It reaches us as the sunlight does in the morning, when it has travelled around the world.

Women Soldiers in China.

China had women soldiers long before they were known in Russia. During the Tae Ping rebellion, 1850, women as well as men served in the ranks. In Nanking, in 1853, an army of 500,000 women was recruited. They were divided into brigades of 13,000 each and were commanded by women officers.

Interesting Discovery.

The Roman occupation of England was recalled by a discovery made a few days ago at Stalbridge, Dorset. Working in his garden, a man dug up a skeleton. Examining it he found it to be in a perfect state of preservation, the teeth being quite sound. In the mouth was a coin bearing the inscription of Caesar Augustus.

First Called Sleuthhounds.

Sleuthhounds were first known as sleuthhounds, owing to their ability to track the deer, wild boar or the wolf. When the wounded game broke away and was lost, these good-nosed dogs were used in trailing the quarry by the blood trail, and hence they were finally called bloodhounds.

Memories of the Crowded City.

"This ark is terribly crowded with all these animals aboard," remarked Japhet. "Yes," replied Shem. "And it's lonely at that. It makes me think of one of those apartment houses where they let people have all kinds of pets and won't admit children."

Oriental Rug.

Not only the design but the colors of the rugs woven in the Orient are full of significance. They represent national or individual traditions, and stand for virtues, vices and social importance.

A Fantastical Terror.

"It's curious how soldier uniforms always show an influence on feminine fashions." "Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "But I hope we won't keep on shortening skirts until we begin to imitate the Scottish Highlanders."

A Racy Item.

A New York dye expert declares that "American dyes are as fast, class for class, as German dyes."

Happy Thought—Write article on speed in dyes. Study the classes, those in the 2.04 class and so on. Discourage bookmaking and side bets as degrading to a noble sport.

Discover Ice Cream Soda.

The honor of discovering ice-cream soda is generally given to Robert M. Green, who served the delicacy to the semi-centennial celebration of Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in the summer of 1874, and advertised it at that time as something absolutely new.

Would Puzzle Socrates.

Were Socrates to come among us now he would probably want to know why Mexican poodles have no hair, Manx cats no tails, and pacifists no peace.

That's the Question.

Mr. Oldboy—"Marry me and I could die happy." Miss Bright—"Yes, you could—but would you?"

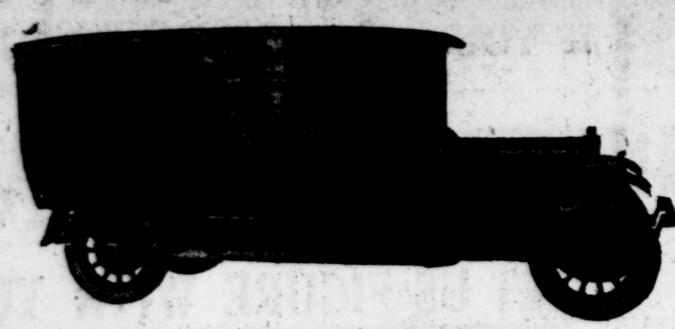
IF YOU ARE THINKING ABOUT A

PIPELESS FURNACE

LET US FIGURE WITH YOU

Satisfaction guaranteed. We are agents for the LAUREL FURNACE. None better made.

LOWRY & MAY



**The J. T. Hinton Co.
UNDERTAKERS
AND EMBALMERS
Paris Ky.**

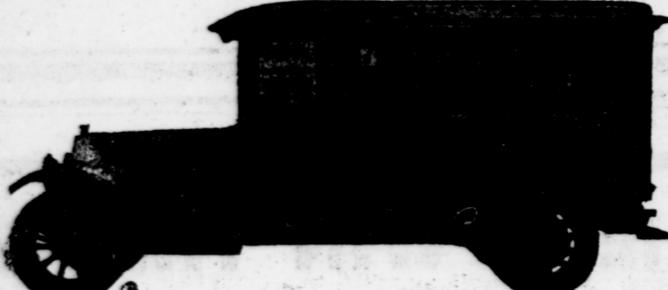
Main and Sixth Streets

Day phone 36
Night 56
or Home 286

Motor equipment.

Ambulance calls promptly attended to with our Limousine Invalid Coach.

Hearse used for funeral purposes only.



BIG PIPE LINE COMPLETED INTO TRAVELING PUBLIC, ATTENTION! CHANGE OF TIME!

Announcement has been made that the construction of a pipe line into the Ross Creek section of Estill and Lee counties has practically been completed, and, according to officials of the Cumberland Pipe Line Co., oil will be pumped from these districts within the next three weeks. A few fittings is all that is holding up the work, and these will have been received in the next few days. Gathering lines have been constructed to practically every producing lease in the district, and oil will be pumped from wells with estimated production.

The Bourbon Oil & Development Co. of this city, has two wells in this territory, one, the No. 1, on the L. C. Harris lease, with a production of twenty barrels per day, and the other, No. 2, on the same lease, with a production of twenty-five barrels.

HAIL INSURANCE.
Hail insurance on tobacco and small grain.

McCLURE & DONALDSON.

(June 4-14)

HANDSOME DONATION

The Paris Business Men's Club, which has for a long time occupied quarters in the second story of the building at the corner of Main and Fifth streets, formerly used as a banking house by the Bourbon Bank, has disbanded, and the furniture, etc., will be disposed of at public sale. Read the advertisement published in this issue of THE NEWS.

The members of the Club reserved one dozen of their finest chairs, which are solid walnut, and will present them to the ladies of the Bourbon County Red Cross Chapter, to be used in their tea room in the Wilson building at the corner of Main and Third streets, which will be opened to the public at an early date.

HAS NARROW ESCAPE.

While climbing a tree in the yard of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex T. Rice, on Mt. Airy Avenue, Edwin Rice, aged nine, slipped and fell to the ground a distance of twenty feet or more. He sustained serious injuries, his body being bruised and a deep cut in his leg where it struck a wooden stub in the ground.

Young Rice was rendered unconscious by the fall and shock. His mother hearing the screams of his companions, came to the place and carried him to the house, where physicians restored him to consciousness and administered medical aid. He was reported yesterday as being somewhat improved.

**B-4 FIRE
Insure with
W.O. HINTON & SON, Agts**

FLEMING COUNTY FIRES.

At Oakley, in Fleming county, fire of unknown origin destroyed the store room belonging to Mr. Matthew Jolly, it being a total loss, with little, if any insurance, to cover the property loss. The store had been vacant for some time.

The residence of Mr. H. L. Faul, near Martha Mills, in the same county, was destroyed by fire which originated from a defective flue in the kitchen. Nearly all of the household effects and all of the personal belongings of the occupants were consumed in the flames. In trying to save some of the furniture Mr. Faul's daughter had a bone broken in one foot. There was an insurance of about \$800 on the house, but none on the household goods.

Fire, Wind and Lightning Insurance.
Thomas, Woodford & Bryan.

NEW AUTO OWNER.

Mrs. Wm. R. Franklin, of Paris, has purchased and had delivered a handsome new five-passenger Paige touring car.

Coming Attractions THE PARIS GRAND AND ALAMO

Friday, July 19th

LADIES' AND GOVERNMENT DAY
two ladies will be admitted for one admission, plus the war tax.

Thos. H. Ince Presents

Charles Ray

**IN
"His Own Home Town"**

Also the 19th Episode of

"THE EAGLE'S EYE"
(The Menace of the I. W. W.)

Saturday, July 20th

William Fox Presents

TOM MIX

"Six Shooter Andy"

A "grafted" clothed with authority of the law meets a true hearted, clever trader in the gold fever days, and a vicious town becomes so good it is forgotten.

Also a Fox Film Comedy,
"A Roman Cowboy."

Monday, July 22nd

**Pauline Frederick
IN
"Resurrection"**

The double standard of morals is arraigned by Count Leo Tolstoy, greatest of the Russian dramatists, in this powerful drama.

Also Mack Sennett Comedy, "The Battle Royal," with Billy Turpin, Polly Moran and Charles Lynn.

Prices

At the Alamo—Children 5c—war tax 1c; Adults 13c—war tax 2c.

At the Paris Grand—Children 5c—war tax 1c; Adult 13c—war tax 2c.

Colored persons, Children 5c—war tax 1c; Adults 10c—war tax 1c.

TO APPEAR AGAINST DESERTER.

Deputy Sheriff J. O. Marshall has returned from Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss., where he was summoned as a witness in the case of Arthur Courtney. Courtney was arrested here by Mr. Marshall on the charge of being a deserter from Camp Shelby. When placed under arrest he was working as a farm hand on a farm near Paris. He had discarded his uniform, throwing the trousers led in a creek. Discovery of the clothing led to his arrest.

WALNUT LOGS WANTED.

In carload lots. For Gun Stocks for U. S. Army rifles. All walnut purchased by this company goes directly into Government work at our mills and factory at Louisville, Ky., and New Albany, Ind. Log dealers and owners of standing timber write us what walnut you can furnish. Address Wood-Mosaic Co., Inc., 700 First National Bank Building, Lexington, Ky. (19-64)

TO ADMINISTER ESTATE.

Miss Lula Ashurst, daughter of Mr. Lloyd Ashurst, who died from an accidental gunshot wound in this city sometime ago, was appointed in the County Court as administratrix of her father's estate. Miss Ashurst accepted the trust and qualified by furnishing bond in the sum of \$1,000, with J. L. Craig as surety. The Court appointed G. W. Judy, W. C. Dodson and H. W. Mann to appraise the estate.

event each month during the remainder of the summer.

The time for holding this Presbyterian Sunday school has been changed from 9:45 to 9:30, commencing Sunday morning.

Rev. Richard Herrington, of Paris, who has been assisting Evangelist E. O. Hobbs, of Louisville, in conducting a revival meeting at Blue Lick Springs, will assist him in a revival at Lair. Evangelist Hobbs returned yesterday from a visit to his family at Louisville.

CUT FLOWERS.

We have secured the agency of Honaker, the florist, of Lexington. Place your order for cut flowers with us for funerals, weddings, parties and for any other occasion where cut flowers are used.

(2July-14) BRUCE HOLLADAY.

HAIL INSURANCE.
Insure your tobacco against hail. We represent reliable, prompt paying companies.

YERKES & PEED.

july 9 31

OFFICE MOVED.

Dr. W. R. Franklin, optometrist, has moved his office from the former location, adjoining the Postal Telegraph Co.'s office, to room 205-206, in the First National Bank building.

NEW APPOINTMENT.

Dr. Francis P. Campbell has been appointed by the State Sanitary Board to examine stock, make tests and issue certificates for interstate shipments of live stock.

**Before the Auto Wreck
AETNAIZE**

Automobile Combination Policy
the assured against

**Fire
Theft
Tornado
Public Liability
and Collision**

Something new—"Omnibus" endorsement is placed on all private pleasure automobile policies.

The Aetna Automobile Insurance Company Hartford, Conn.

**A. J. FEE, Agt.
Both Phones 247**

(july 19-47F)



FIFTEEN DAYS Clearance Sale!

A Price-Slapping Sale of Summer Footwear

In spite of the high prices of leather, we are compelled to make a GENERAL CLEARANCE and TURN INTO CASH

All High Grade Men's, Women's, Children's Summer Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps!



Just a Few of the Numerous Bargains That Await You Here

Ladies' Patent and Dull Kid Pumps, Louis and Low Heels, \$4.00 values at.....

\$2.49

Ladies' Pat. and Dull Kid Colonial Pumps and High Boots, Louis Heel, \$4.50 values.....

\$2.99

Ladies' Kid Colonette Pumps, H. & M., and High Boots, Louis and Low Heel, Turn, \$5.00 values at.....

\$3.95

Ladies' Mahogany Tan Col. Pumps, Louis Heel, Weits, \$4.50 values at.....

\$2.99

Ladies' Dull and Pat. Kid Boots and Pumps, broken sizes, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values at.....

\$1.99

Ladies' Gun Metal Oxfords, small sizes, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values at.....

\$1.49

Ladies' highest quality and most beautiful Grey, Mahogany, Tan, White and Black Boots, Oxfords and Pumps, Walk-Over and other famous makes, AT CLEARANCE SALE PRICES.

Ladies' White Poplin Canvas Boots and Pumps, Louis and Low Heel, \$4.00 values at.....

\$2.99

Ladies' White Canvas Pumps and High Boots, Louis and low heel, \$3.00 values at.....

\$1.99

Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords, rubber soles, \$2.00 values, at.....

\$1.00

Men's, Boys', Misses', and Children's White Tennis Oxfords, 75c values, at.....

49c

Men's Patent Kid English Oxfords, highest quality, \$5.00 and \$6.00 values at.....

\$3.45

Men's G. M. and Tan Shoes and Oxfords, Walk-Over, all sizes, \$4.50 values at.....

\$3.49

Men's and Boys' G. M. Button Shoes and Oxfords, \$3.00 values at.....

\$1.99

Boys' K. Calf Lace Shoes, all sizes, \$2.50 values at.....

\$1.79

Men's Patent Kid Pumps and High Shoes, \$2.50 values at.....

\$1.99

Children's Patent and White Canvas Pumps, \$1.50 values at.....

99c

Attend this Sale! These Prices Are Much Less Than Wholesale Cost Today!

Sale Begins Saturday,
July 20---For Cash Only

Dan Cohen

Mrs. Wm. R. Franklin, of Paris, has purchased and had delivered a handsome new five-passenger Paige touring car.